The Mapleton Item.

VOL. 7. MAPLETON DEPOT, PA., WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 19, 1896. NO. 47

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

SCHEDULE IN EFFECT MAY 20, 1895.

	P.M.	Night.	A.M.	A.M.		
New York....	8.00	12.15	.....	9.30	.....	.....
Philadelphia.	11.20	4.30	7.00	12.25	.....	.....
Washington...	10.40	.....	.....	10.30	.....	.....
Baltimore	11.40	)	.....	11 2	.....	.....

	D'ly A.M	D'ly. A. M.	D'ly. A. M.	D'ly. P. M.	Dly P M.	Dly* P. M.
Harrisburg.....	3.10	8.18	11.20	3.50	5.00	10.20
Rockville		8.31	11.31	.....	5.13	10.31
Marysville.....	3.24	8.36	11.36	.....	5.18	10.34
Duncannon.....	3.38	8.54	11.50	4.15	5.34	10.47
Newport	3.59	9.24	12.14	4.37	6.02	11.08
Millerstown.		9.36	.....	.....	6.13	.....
Thompsontown		9.47	.....	.....	6.24	.....
Port Royal.....	4.31	10.07	.....	.....	6.42	.....
Mifflin	4.37	10.14	12.52	5.10	6.47	11.40
Lewistown Jc.	4.58	10.40	1.12	5.29	7.13	11.58
McVeytown....	5.20	11.08	1.33	.....	7.38	.....
N. Hamilton...	5.38	11.32	.....	.....	8.00	.....
Mount Union...	5.42	11.40	1.56	6.09	8.07	.....
Mapleton.	5.49	11.48	.....	.....	8.14	.....
Huntingdon, ...	6.08	12.10	2.17	6.28	8.32	12.55
Petersburg.....	6 21	12 25	2.30	.....	8 46	.....
Birmingham ...	6.48	12.54	2.57	h	9.10	.....
Tyrone.	6.55	1.02	3.05	7.06	9.16	1.32
Bellwood.....	7.18	1.24	3.23	7.23	9.34	.....
Altoona.....	7.40	1.45	3.40	7.40	9.50	2.00
Pittsburg.....	12.10	6.50	8.10	11.30	.....	5.30
	P M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P M	A. M.

"h" stops to let off passengers from points east or south of Harrisburg.

	*D'ly A.M.	D'ly. A. M.	D'ly, A. M.	Dly P M.	D'ly. P. M.	D'ly, P. M.
Pittsburg.....		3.10	8.00		1.00	4.30
Altoona. 5.00		7.15	11.40	2.00	6.05	9.05
Bellwood. 5.14		7.30	11.52	2.17	6.20	9.19
Tyrone. 5.28		7.48	12.03	2.35	6 37	9.33
Birmingham....5.32		7.53	g	2.42	6.42	
Petersburg.....5.53		8.17		3.06	7.06	
Huntingdon....6.05		8.30	12.35	3.20	7.20	10.12
Mapleton. 6.21		8.47		3.38	7.35	
Mt. Union.....6.28		8.53		3.46	7.41	10.32
N. Hamilton ...6.33		8.58		3.51	7.46	
McVeytown....6.52		9.15		4.12	8.04	
Lewiston Jc....7.15		9.35	1.33	4.38	8.26	11.16
Mifflin.....7.38		9.55	1.50	5.03	8.47	11.37
Port Royal.....7.44		9.59		5.09	8.52	
Thompsontown8.02		10.14		5.27	9.07	
Millerstown. ...8.12		10.22		5.38	9.16	
Newport 8.22		10.32		5.48	9.26	
Duncannon. ...8.49		10.54		6.20	9.50	
Marysville 9.04		11.07		6.39	10.04	
Rockville. 9.08		11.12		6.45		
Harrisburg.....9.20		11.25	3.10	7.00	10.20	1.00

Pittsburg 3.10, Altoona 6.25, Tyrone 6.47, Huntingdon 7.17, Harrisburg 9.30 A. M. daily.

	P. M.	P. M.	P. M	P.M.		A. M.
Baltimore2.....12.20		*3.10	6.15	*10.40		
Washington.... 1.25		*4.30	7.30			
Philadelphia ...12.17		*3.00	6.23	11.15		4.30
New York..... 2.33		*5.53	9.23	3.53		7.33

*Week-days only. "g" stops to let off passengers from Pittsburg only.

Connecting trains leave as follows:

At Lewistown Junction.--For Sunbury 7 35 A. M. and 3.00 P. M. week days.

For Milroy 5.15, 10.45 A. M. and 3.15 p. M. week days.

At Huntingdon--For Bedford and Cumberland 8.35 A. M. and 6.35 P. M. week days. Bedford only 8.10 A. M. Sundays.

At Tyrone--For Clearfield and Curwensville 8.20 A. M., 3.15 and 7.30 P. M. weed days.

For Rellefonte and Lock Haven 8.10 A. M., 3.34 and 7.25 P M. week days.

For Scotia 7.50 A. M., and 3.10 P. M. week days.

For further information apply to ticket agents, or Thomas E. Watt, Passenger Agent, Western Division, 110 Fifth Avenue, Pittsburg

S. M. PREVOST, Gen'l Manager. J. R. WOOD, Gen'l Pass. Agt.

EAST BROAD TOP RAILROAD.

To take effect at 5.30 a. m., on Monday, November 25, 1895.

NORTH. Mail, No.5.	Pass. No.3	Mail, No 1	STATIONS.	SOUTH. Mail, No. 2.	Mail, No. 6	Mixed, No. 8.
P. M.	a.m.	a.m		A. M.	p. m.	p. m.
1 20	9 20	6 20	Robertsdale	11 42	6 08	4 23
1 32	9 32	6 32	Cook's	11 30	5 53	4 08
1 44	9 44	6 44	Cole's	11 18	5 39	3 54
2 12	10 10	7 10	Saltillo	10 48	5 06	3 21
2 19	10 17	7 17	Three Springs	10 41	4 59	3 14
2 31	10 29	7 29	*Beersville	10 19	4 47	3 02
2 46	10 41	7 43	Rockhill	10 07	4 35	2 50
3 01	10 56	7 53	Shirley	9 40	4 20	2 20
3 08	11 03	8 05	*Augh. Mills	9 33	4 13	2 13
3 20	11 16	8 20	Mount Union	9 20	4 00	2 00

No. 9 leaves Robertsdale 7.47, a. m., Cooks 7.59, Coles 8.21, Saltillo 8.47, Three Springs 8.54, Beersville 9.06, arrives at Rockhill 9.18.

No. 7 leaves Robertsdale 5.05 p. m., Cooks 5. 17. Coles 5.39, Saltillo 6.07, Three Spring 6.13, Beersville 6.25, arrives at Rockhill 6.37.

No. 4 leaves Rockhill 7.00 a. m., Beersville 7.29, Three Springs 7 41, Saltillo 7.48. Coles 8.21, Cooks 8.35. arrives at Robertsdale 8.50.

No. 10 leaves Rockhill 5 30 a. m., Beersville 5.42. Three Springs 5 .54, Saltillo 6.01. Coles 6.44, Cooks 6.54. arrives at Robertsdale 7.04.

SHADE GAP BRANCH.

WEST. No. 14	No. 12	STATIONS.	EAST No 11	No. 13
p. m.	a. m.		a. m.	p. m.
5 45	10 30	L Rockhill A	9 30	4 50
5 38	10 23	*Blacklog	9 37	4 57
5 30	10 15	*Cedar Rock	9 45	5 05
5 26	10 11	*Locke Vall'y	9 49	5 09
5 20	10 05	*Shade Gap Stair	9 55	5 15
		A Goshorn L		

All trains run daily except Sunday.

* Flag stations.

A. W. GREENWOOD, Superintendent.

COLUMBUS DENTAL ASSOCIATION.

BEST SET OF TEETH, $8.

DR. C. H. BOYER, Manager,

4-10-95. Fifth St., HUNTINGDON, PA.

A Mighty Power.

The richest man is not he who most successfully multiplies dollars, but the one who makes every opportunity to speak an encouraging word or to do a kind act, yield a harvest of helpfulness. The following sketch shows how a chance word brought a blesssing to the speaker by influencing the life of a bright eyed train boy.

He had done several little errands for the gentleman in the Pullman car, and as the man got off he slipped a dollar into his hand. "I like your looks, Jimmy," he said, kindly. "Now, remember that you can make yourself whatever you wish. I don't mean by that that you may become a Vanderbilt, if you desire, or the President of the United States; but I do mean that you can be something better yet—a Christian man. Don't forget that."

It was ten years later before the two met again; then Jimmy had just been made conductor on an important road, and in one of the passengers he recognized his oldtime friend. The gentleman had changed but little in the ten years just passed, but it was hard to persuade him that the finelooking young conductor was the ragged train-boy of whom he still retained a faint remembrance.

"But I certainly am he," Jimmy asserted energetically; "and I've always wanted to tell you how much your words and your kindness did for me. I'd been getting into low company and growing sort of wild and reckless, but your words just haunted me, and I got to wondering if that kind of thing paid. I concluded I'd rather grow up a Christian man, as you said, than a drunken loafer, so I just stopped short and commenced over in dead earnest."

"And all that was the result of a few sentences, forgotten as soon as uttered," said the gentleman, thoughtfully. "It just shows what a mighty power for weal or woe our chance words may be, and how we ought to guard them."—*Young People's Weekly.*

Two of a Kind.

The Chambersburg *Valley Spirit* is responsible for these two stories:

A bright little Pleasant Hall fellow with a memory much longer than himself was exceedingly provoked a few days ago by his dog which snapped at him, when he tried to pull its ears off or wrong it in some of the other ways a six-years old youth finds pleasant. When he was about to go to bed he kneeled at his mother's knee to say his prayers. He prayed for his father, mother, twin brother, aunt, old horse and black cat and ended up thus: "But oh Lord, don't bless that shepherd dog. Kill him sure just as soon as you can."

The youngster is proverbial for doing the wrong thing at the wrong time but here is a story of a little fellow who lives on North Main street who did the right thing at the wrong time. A clergyman was at his parents' table for dinner and because the lad "had been extra good" he was allowed to "eat with the preacher." The opportunity was too good to lose and the honestly inquisitive boy asked politely where the minister found any mention of a cross-eyed bear in the Bible, and insisted upon being enlightened. After much hard reflection it was finally recalled that the minister had quoted in his sermon from the hymn that closes:

"The consecrated cross I'd bear
Till the Master called me home."

The youngster created a laugh of course, but it is hoped he did more—that he impressed the minister with the necessity of reading hymns and Scripture lessons plainly and intelligibly.

The Wise Wisconsin Farmer.

The Syracuse *Standard* tells of an amusing correspondence that recently took place between a Wisconsin farmer and a local boiler firm. The farmer wrote as follows:

"Dere Sirs I have 1000 akers of trees that I want cut. Im pore but Im willing to pay two hundred dolers fer an engin that will do my work," and he went on to explain just what sort of an engine he wanted.

The boiler firm saw that the engine necessary to accomplish the devastation of his virginal forest would cost $3000, and they informed him to this effect.

A week passed and then the following pithy epistle came from the Wisconsin woods:

"Dere Sirs what in——wud I want of an engin or biler if I hed $3000?"

The United States Consul at Shanghai, China, has been furnishing the State Department with some interesting statistics on labor and wages in China. Compared with those received by the same class of laborers and skilled mechanics in this country they make interresting reading. A Chinese blacksmith gets 13 cents a day, and a brass worker 16 cents. The barber gets 3 cents a day, the native bootmaker 10 cents a day, and the foreign bootmaker gets $5.25 per month. Brickmakers are ara paid 10 cents a day and bricklayers the same wages. Compositors are paid $5.28 per month and cabinet-makers 13 cents a day. Tailors get 10 cents a day and cotton factory hands 10 cents. Native servants get from $2.11 to $3.17 per month, but foreign servants are given about a dollar more per month. And yet in some parts of China so great is the competition that some of the artisans are willing to work for less than the wages mentioned above.

With the aid of a new invention you can run a five-mile bicycle race—or a hundred miles, for that matter—in a room five feet square. The new device is the stationary bicycle. The bicycle portion of the machine is identically the same as the ordinary wheel, but it is mounted on supports which clear the wheels from the ground. To the wheels is attached an instrument which records on a register adjoining the machine every revolution. All the rider must do is to mount the wheel and work the pedals, So many revolutions make a mile, and that is all there is to the machine, although it is quite an ingenious invention. The rider is not compelled to pass any one, doesn't have to turn corners, nor need he fear collisions or a fall. All he must do is to work his feet, and though he may run any number of miles, when he is through he will not have moved an inch.

—The little daughter of Mr. Fred Webber, Holland, Mass., had a very bad cold and cough which he had not been able to cure with any thing. I gave him a 25 cent bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, says W. P. Holden, merchant and postmaster at West Brimfield, and the next time I saw him he said it worked like a charm. This remedy is intended especially for acute throat and lung diseases such as colds, croup and whooping cough, and it is famous for its cures. There is no danger in giving it to children for it contains nothing injurious. For sale by J. G. Gillam.

How to Walk Upstairs.

"There are but very few persons who know how to walk upstairs properly," says a well known physician. "Usually a person will tread on the ball of his foot in taking each step, springing himself up to the next step. This is very tiresome and wearing on the muscles, as it throws the entire suspended weight of the body on the muscles of the legs and feet. You should, in walking or climbing stairs, seek for the most equal distribution of the body's weight possible. In walking upstairs your feet should be placed squarely down on the step, heel and all, and then the work should be performed slowly and deliberately. In this way there is no strain upon any particular muscle, but each one is doing its duty in a natural manner. The man who goes upstairs with a springing step you may be sure is no philosopher, or, at least, his reasoning has not been directed to that subject."

Let Us Have Patriotic Professors.

From the Irish Republic.

We think a little more attention should be paid to the character of the professors of our State-aided colleges and universities. When President Cleveland announced his intention of upholding the Monroe doctrine as the traditional national policy of the United States, some of these professors wrote long articles and made long speeches to show that the Monroe doctrine was was recognized by international law. Is there any such thing as international law other than the strong right hand of each individual?

It is time to sit down on men who, on the plea of common language and and the exploded myth of common origin and the worn-out fable of America being England's oldest daughter, neglect to instil into the minds of the young the lesson of American patriotism.

The Use of Horseflesh in Paris.

The statistical bulletin of the French Ministry of Agriculture, dealing with the consumption of horseflesh in Paris last year, gives the number of horses killed for consumption as food at 23,186, this being exclusive of 43 mules and 383 donkeys. The total weight of meat sold was 5,130 tons, and this was sold at 186 shops or stalls, which are not allowed to sell any other kind of of meat. The maximum price ranged from 18 cents a pound for the fillit to 4 cents a pound for the necks and lower ribs. The report adds that not more than a third of the meat is sold at the stalls, the remainder going to make sausages.

His Collar Exploded.

William Benjamin, a brakeman on the Erie Railroad, caught a spark on the back of his celluloid collar as his train entered the station at Hillsdale, N. J., January 2. The collar took fire and exploded with a loud report. Benjamin seized the collar with both hands and tore it from his neck. He was burned severely on the face, neck and hands. He was taken to a drug store, where his wounds were dressed, and later was taken to his home in New York. He will be disabled for some time.

—Our people are growing more and more in the habit of looking to J. G. Gillam for the latest and of everything in the drug line. They sell Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, famous for its cures of bad colds, croup and whooping cough. When in need of such a medicine give this remedy a trial and you will be more than pleased with the result.

Complained to the Wrong Man.

From the Chicago Post.

The mendicant stood before the wayfarer with outstretched hand.

"Please, sir," he said, "I have seen better days."

"Well, that's no affair of mine," said the wayfarer.

"Make your kick to the weather man if you don't like this kind of a day."

James Dills, who died near Paintsville, Ky., rece ntly, was credited with being only nine days short of 105 years old.

A full- blooded Sioux Indian girl, Miss Gertrude Simmons of Deadwood, S. D., won the first prize in freshman class oratorical contest at Earlham College, Richmond, Ind., a few days ago. She will represent the freshman class of the college in the State college contest to be held in Indianapolis shortly.

Washington State has the record for lumber production last year on the Pacific coast, and probably in the whole country. During the year lumber to the amount of 411,793,952 feet was shipped, 152,294,373 feet going to foreign countries. One mill at Port Blakely turned out an average of 30,000 feet of lumber for every working day of last year.

Spain can never retain Cuba, because Spain as a nation is dead. Her greatness and glory expired with those million and a half of victims she murdered and burned at the stake, during her reign of the holy inquisition. With the blood of those martyrs ebbed away the national life of Spain.

The wife of a farmer living near Sergeant Bluff, Ia., was caught in a wolf trap out on the prairie recently and held a captive some thirty hours. A neighbor had set several wolf traps made of steel jaws, with a heavy spring closing them when sprung, about his farm. He placed them far away from the road, where there was no apparent danger of anything but a wolf getting caught. But the woman took a short cut home one evening, saw the trap, stopped to find out just what it was, and was firmly caught by one hand. She was unable to open the jaws with the one hand, and remained fast in the trap all night and until the next evening, when a searching party found her. She was unconscious and near death from pain and exposure.

TO THE GOLDEN GATE.

Personally-Conducted Tours via Pennsylvania Railroad.

Undoubtedly California offers more genuine attractions to the pleasure-travelling public than any other part of the American continent. The fame of its climate is world-wide, and it is sought even by Europeans, who find it more charming than their own southern slopes. To Americans its worth is too well known to necessitate a description of the many advantages to be enjoyed.

Personally-conducted tours via Pennsylvania Railroad will leave New York and Philadelphia February 12 and March 11, 1896. In addition to the many other points of interest visited on the first tour a stop will be made at New Orleans for the Mardi-Gras festivities and four weeks will be allowed in California. On the second tour four and one-half weeks will be allowed in California.

An addition to the magnificient train heretofore used for these tours is a through Pullman compartment car.

The car, which will be the very best that the Pullman Company can supply, will contain nine inclosed compartments—two drawing rooms and seven state rooms—will be attached to the special train at Jersey City and run through to San Diego, Cal., on the first tour, and San Francisco, on the second.

This will be the first car of its kind to be run on a transcontinental train, and that it will be thoroughly appreciated by participants in the tours is evidenced by the fact that already several of the compartments have been reversed.

Applications for space or itineraries giving all information should be made to Tourist Agent, 1196 Broadway, New York, or Room 411, Broad Street Station, Philadelphia.

Wears a Watch Crystal Over His Eye.

Ann Arbor medical students who are engaged in the study of opthalmology are still wondering at the feat Dr. Fleming Carrow, professor of that branch, performed upon a young man last week. This patient had completely lost the sight of one eye through disease, and in order to prevent the contagion spreading, Dr. Carrow inserted a small, thin watch crystal beneath the lid of the other eye. So far the experiment seems to be very successful, and it is expected that the flesh will knit closely around the watch crystal so as to permit no impurities to enter. Meanwhile the patient seems to be quite well.—Detroit Free Press.

Getting Even

Two gentlemen at Bath having a difference, one went to the other's door early in the morning, and wrote "Scoundrel" upon it. The other called upon his neighbor and was answered by a servant that his master was not at home, but if he had anything to say he might leave it with him. "No, no," says he, "I was only going to return your master's visit, as he left his name at my door in the morning."—London Scraps.

Wind Swept.

Were it not for the intervening mountain ranges, this country, from Northwest to Southeast, would at times in winter be swept by devastating tornadoes. Blizzards seem to arise out of the caves and canons of the plains. Gaining strength and volume over a wide expanse, their force is arrested by the battlements of big hills. Sometimes they rise above the barriers and sweep the Middle States with fury. There you enjoy one day a mean temperature, and the next may be far below freezing. It is like an ice water bath on a warm day, and the shock to muscles, nerves and circulation is the cause of sudden neuralgic and rheumatic attacks, both violent and acute. Those predisposed to such should have the master cure, St. Jacobs Oil, always ready. Its prompt use prevents the chronic stage, and in the chronic stage it is a prompt, sure cure.

Where Did You Get This Coffee?

Had the Ladies' Aid Society of our Church out for tea, forty of them, and all pronounced the German Coffeeberry equal to Rio! Salzer's catalogue tells you all about it! 35 packages Earliest vegetable seeds $1.00. Order to-day.

IF YOU WILL CUT THIS OUT AND SEND with 15c. stamps to John A. Salzer Seed Co., La Crosse, Wis., you will get free a package of above great coffee seed and our 148 page catalogue! Catalogue alone 5c. postage. (A.)

About one hundred Chicago druggists are about to be indicted by the Grand Jury for carelessness in selling poisons.

FITS stopped free by DR. KLINE'S GREAT NERVE RESTORER. No fits after first day's use. Marvelous cures. Treatise and $2.00 trial bottle free. Dr. Kline, 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

We have not been without Piso's Cure for Consumption for 20 years.—LIZZIE FERREL, Camp St., Harrisburg, Pa., May 4, 1894.

If afflicted with sore eyes use Dr. Isaac Thompson's Eye-water. Druggists sell at 25c per bottle

Merit

Is what gives Hood's Sarsaparilla its great popularity, increasing sales and wonderful cures. The combination, proportion and process in preparing Hood's Sarsaparilla are unknown to other medicines, and make it peculiar to itself. It acts directly and positively upon the blood, and as the blood reaches every nook and corner of the human system, all the nerves, muscles, bones and tissues come under the beneficient influence of

Hood's Sarsaparilla

The One True Blood Purifier. All druggists. $1.

Hood's Pills cure Liver Ills; easy to take, easy to operate. 25c.

N Y N U—8

ASTHMA

POPHAM'S ASTHMA SPECIFIC

Gives relief in FIVE minutes. Send for a FREE trial package. Sold by Druggists. One Box sent postpaid on receipt of $1.00. Six boxes $5.00. Address THOS. POPHAM, PHILA., PA.

Edible Snails.

As the German yearns for his sausage and the Englishman for his beefsteak, so the Frenchman, in whatever clime he may be, looks forward to the season for snails. For some sentimental reason the land snail never has been so widely popular with English-speaking people as the sea snail, and this is the more noticeable in England, where the sea snals known as whelks or winkles are eaten largely by the lower classes. It now appears, however, in this country as if the land snail were coming into favor, as the importations are said to be increasing every year, and snails, served in various ways, are growing popular for late suppers.

As soon as the first January thaw is reported in Paris, the Frenchmen of New York and other large cities in this country begin to look out for the first consignment of snails. When the steamer containing the first shipment sails, special private dinners are arranged, principally in the neighborhood of University place, to take place as soon as the snails are received. Last year a curious thing happened. These snails are not common garden snails, but carefully selected fellows, well fed and cared for, which in the fall are packed in barrels, a layer being placed at the bottom so that they quickly seize on the wood, then another layer, who seize on the shell beneath them, and so on until the barrel is filled. Then they are placed in cold storage of a modified type, and kept hibernating until January. When shipped they are marked as snails, and great care is taken to have them stowed in a cool part of the hold, so that they arrive in a normal state. Last year a consignment for a conspicuous downtown restaurant was reported off Sandy Hook. The regular guests were notified that at a certain hour the snails would be ready, and all preparations were made. When the casks arrived it was found that they had been stowed too near the boiler room, and that all the snails were awake and out of their shells, and could not be coaxed back into them. Those put near ice did not go back into their shells, but just died. So no Escargots a la Bourguignonne could be had, and the snails had to be eaten in other ways.—New York Sun.

The Flesh Brush.

Said a prominent physician recently: "That longevity is promoted by friction there can be little doubt. The declining energy and decay from age appear to arise, or, at all events, are accomplished and accelerated by the gradually decreasing energy of the circulation, and the use of the flesh-brush restores energy to the parts. It is therefore recommended as a panacea for premature decay and all the diseases depending on it. It takes but a few minutes to give a vigorous rubbing to the entire body on jumping out of bed in the morning, and the benefical results will amply repay the time and trouble."

An Electric Thermometer.

A new thermometer has been invented, designed especially for determining the temperatures of difficult or inaccessible places, such as the bottom of the sea, etc. Its action depends upon the well-known fact that different conductors of electricity vary in their resistances at different temperatures, and at different ratios. It has also been applied to measuring the temperature of steel tape, used to establish a base line, instead of ascertaining the temperature of the air, as was previously the custom.

No Time Lost.

Catherine Tudor, at the funeral of her first husband (John Saulsbury), was led to church by Sir Richard Clough, and from church by Morris Wynn, of Gwedir, who whispered to her his wish of being her second. She refused him civilly, and informed him that the had accepted the proposals of Sir Richard Clough on her way to church, but assured him that if she buried Sir Richard he might depend on being her third, which really was the case.—London Scraps.

Rattlesnakes, Butterflies. and . . . ?

Washington Irving said, he supposed a certain hill was called "Rattlesnake Hill" because it abounded in—*butterflies*. The "rule of contrary" governs other names. Some bottles are, supposedly, labeled "Sarsaparilla" because they are full of . . . well, we don't know what they are full of, but we know it's not sarsaparilla; except, perhaps, enough for a flavor. There's only one make of sarsaparilla that can be relied on to be all it claims. It's Ayer's. It has no secret to keep. Its formula is open to all physicians. This formula was examined by the Medical Committee at the World's Fair with the result that while every other make of sarsaparilla was excluded from the Fair, Ayer's Sarsaparilla was admitted and honored by awards. It was admitted because it was the best sarsaparilla. It received the medal as the best. No other sarsaparilla has been so tested or so honored. Good motto for the family as well as the Fair: Admit the best, exclude the rest.

Any doubt about it? Send for the "Curebook."
It kills doubts and cures doubters.
Address: J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

LYNCHED AT MIDNIGHT.

Grant Atterbury Hanged by a Mob in Sullivan, Ill.

At midnight an armed mob approached the jail in Sullivan, Ill., where Grant Atterbury had been confined for the last ten days, charged with the double crime of murdering his father and assaulting the wife of his brother.

The leaders demanded the surrender of Atterbury, and the Sheriff refused. He was reinforced by a single deputy. As soon as his refusal had been communicated to the crowd a rush was made for the iron doors. An immense crowd gathered rapidly, but no one interfered with the work of the lynchers. The Sheriff stood before the door to the cell-room and warned the raiders to desist. He fired his revolver and was immediately disarmed.

Half a dozen blows with sledges knocked down the doors and then the men marched upstairs, yelling their commands and their threats against any interference. Atterbury's cell was in the upper tier. The raiding party knew his exact cell, and the sledge-hammer brigade was instantly piloted there. Half a dozen blows broke down the portal. Atterbury fought vigorously, but was forced by numbers down the stairs and there seized and bound.

He was taken to the court-house yard, two blocks from the jail, where a frantic multitude greeted his arrival with a roar of curses, and the cry of "Hang him! hang him!" As he was hustled along he pleaded with his captors.

"I am innocent," he shouted over and over again. "Thank God, you are hanging an innocent man," he moaned, as they held him under one of the trees in the court-house yard and placed a noose about his neck.

No attention was paid to his protestations or his pleas. The end of the rope was tossed over a limb of a tree. A dozen seized it, and the rope slid over the ice covered limb, and the man's utterance was choked with the tightening of the loop. The rope was wound about the trunk of the tree, and the mob stood back and watched the writhing of a man whom every one in Sullivan believed guilty of two crimes.

Grant Atterbury was arrested six months ago charged with the murder of his father, but was released on examination. The elder Atterbury was found with his skull crushed and a bullet wound in the neck.

DEATH IN A CONVENT FIRE.

Loss of Property Worth Millions in Guayaquil, Ecuador.

A great fire raged in Guayaquil, Ecuador, beginning at one o'clock a. m. When the firemen, and soldiers, who were hurriedly ordered out to help them, finally brought it under control, thousands of panic stricken persons were wandering, homeless, in the streets, many lay dead in the morgues, and property worth nearly two millions of dollars had been destroyed, including the noble Cathedral and the convent which adjoined it.

The fire was first discovered in the convent. It spread with such rapidity that it was with the utmost difficulty that the majority of the inmates escaped with their lives. The firemen were on hand within a few minutes, but their work was powerless to save either the convent building or the Cathedral of San Augustin, which the flames immediately attacked. From that point the fire flew to surrounding property, and in an incredibly short space of time many blocks of houses were in a blaze.

The panic, which began among the nuns in the convent, several of whom were burned, was contagious, and the city became terror stricken when the seriousness of the situation was grasped. The officials urged the President, General Alfaro, to seek a place of safety, and at last, yielding to their advice, he took refuge with his family, on board a steamship in the harbor.

It is believed that at least thirty persons suffered death, and it is known that many were injured.

SECRETARY OLNEY'S REQUEST.

Asked Salisbury to Give England's Side in the Venezuelan Dispute.

A parliamentary paper has been issued containing the correspondence between Great Britain and the United States since 1887 relative to the boundary of British Guiana.

The correspondence concludes with despatches exchanged by Secretary of State Olney and Lord Salisbury. The first of these despatches informed Lord Salisbury that the American Commission had been formed, and that being in no wise an arbitration tribunal, having had its duty limited to ascertaining the facts, it had suggested to Mr. Olney that it would be grateful for such assistance as could be obtainable through the co-operation of Great Britain and Venezuela.

Lord Salisbury replied that any information at the command of the Government upon any subject of inquiry occupying the attention of the Government of the United States would be readily placed at the disposal of the President.

MURDERED IN HIS STUDIO.

Professor Max Eglau, Instructor of Deaf Mutes, Found With a Crushed Skull.

Professor Max Eglau, an artist, was murdered in his studio in the Institution for the Improved Instruction of Deaf Mutes, Lexington avenue and Sixty-seventh street, New York City, where he had been an instructor for many years. Three of his pupils, Peter Wolfe, Adolf Pfandler and Edmune Eck, deaf mutes, and about eighteen years old, were arrested suspected of the murder. It was a day of silent terror in the big building where hundreds of the deaf and dumb are taught. By signs, by writings and by moving lips the story of the tragedy was told.

A shovel and a heavy pestle, with which the deed was done, were left near the victim. Circumstances go to show that the murder was prompted by revenge.

DOLLAR SUITS OF CLOTHES.

These Are Possible Now That Ramie is to Be Put to Use.

Ramie, a fibre, has been kicked around by speculators and capitalists for some years, notwithstanding the evident utility of the product. That it can be fashioned into anything now made out of wool has been proved What its defects may have been is unimportant now, as the perfected product has been developed and ramie has a market value that is stable, or soon will have.

A party of capitalists representing New York, New Orleans, Providence and Boston, met with a coterie of local capitalists and manufacturers at the Manufacturers' Club in Philadelphia, Penn., a few days ago, and decided to develop the newly discovered ramie processes. So $1 suits may now be expected. Ramie is as cheap as weeds.

THE LABOR WORLD

Lace weavers will demand higher wages.

There are eleven unions of engineers in New York City.

The tailors' lockout in New York City came to an end. The employers were successful.

The Phoenix Labor Club, the oldest organization of metal polishers and platers in the country, has disbanded.

A bill is before Congress to compel the licensing and taxing of all factories and shops where working people are employed.

The Circuit Court of Tennessee awarded a locomotive engineer damages for having been blacklisted by a railroad company.

Delegates to the building trades section are becoming of opinion that there is too much of labor fighting carried on in New York City.

Slav and Hun workmen are leaving Connellsville, Penn., and the coke regions. They are abandoning the field to the English speaking element.

A woman working in a factory at Coloma, Mich., for seventy-five cents a day, fell heir to a fortune of $62,000 through the death of an uncle in Germany.

A conference board of employes and officials of the Street Cleaning Department in New York City was formed, with Commissioner Waring as final arbitrator.

The Central Labor Federation of Newark, N. J., has voted for Mrs. Martha Moore Avery as delegate to the International Labor Congress about to be held in London.

Probably the oldest railroad engineer in New England is Squire Wilson, of Lyndonville, Vt. He has been running an engine on the Boston and Maine system since 1852, and is still making a daily run.

Of five agencies for servants on Fourth avenue, New York City, all located within two blocks, no less than three call attention by means of their signs that they make a specialty of providing servants who are natives of Sweden.

A few laboring men orators are trying to force an agitation for the employment of none but fully naturalized citizens on public works. Among them are men of foreign birth who found similar employment immediately after taking out their first papers.

Horseshoers are not permitting other crafts to get ahead of them in the utilization of electricity, the most versatile of energies and powers. They have taken to heating their horseshoes by electricity, and the queer part of it is that they heat the steel and iron under water.

A number of American laborers who were lured to Guatemala by offers of $7 a day wages are now very anxious to get back home. On arriving in Guatemala they found it took $2.14 in the money of the country to make one of Uncle Sam's dollars, while they had to pay three prices for everything.

The scale adopted by the Brooklyn Musical Protective Union is as follows: For balls, $5; for excursions, $6; for parades, $5; for mass meetings, $4; for military funerals, $8; for civic funerals, $5; for parades on Memorial Day, $6; for target excursions, $6; for political parades, $7; for trolley excursions, $4.

The miners of Indiana, after ten years' effort, succeeded in obtaining from the State Legislature in 1893 a law providing that coal should be weighed before being screened and that miners should be paid according to that weight. Now the Supreme Court of the State declares that it is impossible to secure a conviction under the law, owing to the conflicting provisions of one of the sections.

The organized painters of New York City have prepared a bill which is intended to protect the lives and limbs of men working on scaffolding suspended from buildings. They say that the present law is inefficient. They also adduce statistics showing that of late the methods of building have so changed that accidents to workmen are increasing. All unions will be requested to indorse the bill.

PROMINENT PEOPLE.

The Prince of Wales has his life insured for $3,250,000.

Patti, the cantatrice, declares that she will never return to America.

Lord Dunraven has decided to abandon yacht racing in the larger classes.

The late Prince Henry of Battenberg was an accomplished performer on the violin.

Queen Victoria owns $2,000,000 worth of china. A Sevres set is estimated at $500,000.

Prince Edward of York now a year and a half old, is to be reproduced in a life-size marble statue.

"Mark Twain" has written to a friend in this country that he went away in debt, but will come back in a first cabin.

The real estate investments of U. S. Grant, Jr., in San Diego, Cal., during the past year have aggregated some $400,000.

President Kruger, of Transvaal, has attended to the matter of transmitting his name to posterity. He has eleven children.

Sardou, the French dramatist, is now sixty-four years old, wrinkled and half bald, but in his elastic step and brilliant eye youthful as ever.

Henry Arthur Jones, the dramatist, is the son of an English farmer, and was taught in his early days to look upon the stage with Puritan horror.

General Escanabado has been nominated for the Presidency of Mexico by those who think that Diaz has had his share of it. Diaz will be a candidate also.

Antonio Maceo, the Cuban General, is a giant in his way. He is six feet five inches in height, and well-proportioned. He is said to be immensely popular with his men.

President Cleveland has accepted an invitation to deliver an address at the celebration of the 150th anniversary of the founding of Princeton College, Princeton, N. J., next October.

General Weyler, the new Captain-General of Cuba, is said to have sprung from that peculiar race, the German-Irish, being descended from one of the old Hessian families of Ulster.

President Pro Tem of the United States Senate Frye, of Maine, has been in Congress twenty-four years. Half of that time he has served in the Senate, and his services in both branches have been marked with distinction.

NEWSY GLEANINGS.

Russia will raise tea.

Coal is $10 a ton in South Africa.

Polo on tricycles is the latest Paris novelty in sports.

Iron ore has been discovered near Lamar, Clinton County, Penn.

A grocer in Chaplin, Ky., found a diamond worth $70 in a barrel of sugar.

The largest tobacco grower in the world recently assigned in Lexington, Ky.

Mrs. Hunt, of Merrimac, N. H., celebrated her 100th birthday a few days ago.

The migration of Englishmen to South Africa in 1895 was nearly double what it was the preceding year.

A woman life insurance company is doing a thriving business in and about Nebo, Ky.

LYNCHED IN ALABAMA.

The Murderer of a Policeman Taken From a Train by a Mob.

"Bob" Williams, a colored murderer, was taken from the Western Railroad near Montgomery, Ala., and lynched. He shot and killed Policeman John L. Suggs and had escaped. Suggs was trying to arrest him for wife beating.

The murderer was arrested at Cowles station. Three officers went for him on the 6 o'clock train. They started for Montgomery with him on the train which arrived at 9 at night.

Rumors of a proposed lynching were soon heard, and the police and the local military were sent to the station to meet and protect the prisoner. The mob, however, had quietly assembled at the Savannah, Americus and Montgomery crossing, two miles from town.

When the Western train reached the crossing it stopped. The State law requires that it should stop there. In an instant the coach was filled with men, and the officers were overpowered. A plow line was thrown about the murderer's neck, and he was dragged across a field and hanged to a tree half a mile away.

A hundred bullets were fired into his body. He confessed to the murder and took his punishment without complaining. Suggs was the third policeman killed in Montgomery by colored men within ten years.

ST. LOUIS MAKING READY.

Plans Adopted for the New Republican Convention Building.

General Powell Clayton, of Arkansas, and Colonel J. M. Ewing, of Wisconsin, proxy for Republican National Committeeman Henry C. Payne, met in the Bank of Commerce with Messrs. S. M. Kennard, W. H. Thompson and R. C. Kerens, representing St. Louis, for the purpose of deciding definitely upon the plans for a hall in which to hold the Republican National Convention. The plans for the proposed changes in the exposition building and also for a new building were presented to the sub-committee. The new building, to be called the Convention Auditorium, was selected.

The plans call for a structure capable of seating comfortably 12,000 people. Three sites are in prospect. The south end of Washington Park, facing on Twelfth street, Clark avenue, and Thirteenth street, will likely be chosen. The funds are in hand to prosecute the work, which will begin when the site is decided upon.

WEYLER DISGUSTED.

The Demoralization in Cuba Provokes the Captain-General.

A despatch from Havana gives a report of an interview with Captain-General Weyler in which he expresses with great emphasis his disgust at the condition of affairs which he found upon his arrival in Cuba.

With the enemy only nine miles from the capital, the courage of the Spanish drooping, the army uselessly split into small sections and a powerful force of cavalry scattered into minute detachments, things, he said, could not have been much worse. General Weyler declared that while he might meet with momentary difficulties, he would nevertheless, conquer by constant work and ceaseless activity.

It was his intention, he said, to close up the infantry corps with reinforcements from Spain, and to suppress all the existing small detatchments. A despatch from Havana states that the Mayor of Managna and other residents of that place have joined the insurgents.

BIG STRIKES IN PRUSSIA.

Many Thousands of Tailors, Seamstresses and Others Are Out.

The strikes of the various trades union men throughout Prussia are spreading rapidly, and it is now estimated that 35,000 mantle makers and women tailors are out, and all of the carpenters and hat makers of Berlin are also on strike. The public have very generously subscribed money for the support of the striking seamstresses, whose long hours and wretched pay have excited general compassion.

Dr. von Boetticher, Imperial Secretary of State for the Interior, has made a promise in the Reichstag that the Government would make an inquiry into the grievances of the seamstresses, and, inasmuch as a great part of their work is done at home, the inquiry will without doubt extend to the possibility of applying for legislation regulating the work, hours, pay, etc., of the trades whose labors are performed in home apartments.

SURGERY AND X RAYS.

An Operation Performed as a Result of the New Photography.

What is believed to be the first surgical operation in the United States as a direct result of the revelations of Roentgen's rays, was performed in Ward C of Mercy Hospital at Chicago, Ill. The operation consisted in removing a buckshot encysted between the bones of the third and fourth fingers and about an inch and a half back from the knuckles. The operation was performed by Dr. James Burry, assisted by Dr. J. S. Rankin and Dr. J. L. Miller. The subject was Louis Burkhardt. His hand was first "photographed." A buckshot was discovered and Burkhardt assented to an operation. When the anæsthetic had produced the desired effect, Dr. Burry made an incision about an inch long, and his knife struck the bullet at the exact point indicated by the bromide print taken from the Roentgen plate. The encysted missile was extracted without difficulty.

Killed Two Women and Himself.

At Centerville, Iowa, George Jones shot and killed his sweetheart, Leah Martin, her mother, Mrs. W. H. Martin, and then put a bullet into his own head. The reasons for the deed are unknown, but it is supposed the parents of the girl had objected to his attentions to their daughter.

A Bold Robbery.

Burglars broke into Dennett's Park Row restaurant, in New York City, Sunday, and wrecked the safes, carrying away $1375 in cash. One of the safes was in full view of the street and under an electric light. The proprietor is such a strict Sabbatarian that he would not employ a watchman on that day.

Died Protesting His Innocence.

Emil David was hanged in the jail yard at Linn, Mo. Death was almost instantaneous. Just before going through the trap he shouted: "I am innocent. You are hanging the wrong man." Two years ago David poisoned Frank Henderson, a laborer on his farm.

NO SILVER NOR TARIFF.

House Rejects Free Coinage and the Senate the Revenue Bill.

NO FINANCIAL LEGISLATION.

By a Vote of 215 to 90 the Representatives Refused to Concur in the Free Silver Substitute Attached to the Bond Bill in the Senate---The Tariff Sidetracked in the Senate.

WASHINGTON, D. C., February 15.—Significant events happened at both ends of the Capitol Thursday afternoon. Free coinage of silver was defeated, after ten days' debate, for this Congress at least, by a vote of 80 to 190, in the House, and by a vote of 21 to 29 the Senate refused to take up the Dingley Tariff bill, which action probably ends all attempts at tariff legislation by the Fifty-fourth Congress. Four Republican silver Senators bolted from their party and voted against the motion to take up the tariff bill. All of these four Senators were from silver-producing States, and one of them was Senator Carter.

In the House the silver men of both parties mustered eighty votes for free coinage out of a total membership of over three hundred and fifty.

Although the galleries were thronged today, and there was a good deal of outside interest in the closing of the debate, as evidenced by the presence of Senator Sherman and others from the other end of the Capitol, the debate itself was only saved from utter stagnation by a very spirited and very personal encounter between Messrs. Dearmond and Hall, both Missouri Democrats, on different sides of the financial question.

Propositions were offered during the day to concur with amendments as follows: To coin the American silver product, for the retention of the seigniorage by the Government and to open the mints to the free coinage of silver at the ratio of 15½ to 1 when Germany and France should have agreed upon similar action. All were defeated by large majorities. The last proposition, offered by Mr. Towne, of Minnesota, mustered fifty-three votes, the highest number of any. Mr. Towne had stated to the House that similar propositions would be submitted to the Reichstag and French Parliament at the present sessions.

The most significant statement came is the form of an intimation from Mr. Dingley that a bill might be reported from the Ways and Means Committee looking to the initiation by this country of a project for another international monetary conference to meet within a year.

Just before the close of the debate a very spirited and personal encounter took place between Mr. Dearmond and Mr. Hall, both Missouri Democrats on different sides of the financial question. Mr. Hall took the initiative.

The debate on the silver bill was closed in the House by Mr. Crisp, of Georgia, in favor of free coinage, and by Mr. Turner, of Georgia, and Mr. Dalzell, of Pennsylvania, against it. When the vote was taken there was a majority of 125 votes against the free coinage substitute for the bill to protect and maintain the coin redemption fund and provide for temporary deficiencies of revenue. Ex-Speaker Crisp's motion to agree to the substitute was lost by a vote of 90 yeas to 215 nays. Fifty members were absent. If every member had been present and had voted, the majority against the Senate substitute would have been nearly, if not quite, 140. The affirmative votes were cast by sixty-five Democrats and Populists, one silver member and twenty-four Republicans. The negative votes were cast by 184 Republicans and thirty-one Democrats.

TARIFF BILL SIDETRACKED.

Motion to Get Consideration in the Senate Defeated.

WASHINGTON, February 15.—Senator Morrill, against the advice of his party associates, made an attempt to get the tariff bill up for consideration, and the proposition was defeated by a vote of 29 to 21. In the opinion of nearly every one in the Senate, this is the end of the Tariff bill. It goes back on the calendar, from which it can be taken only by a majority vote. The detailed vote was as follows:

Yeas—Aldrich, Allison, Brown, Cameron, Clark, Cullom, Frye, Hawley, Hoar, McMillan, Mitchell (Oregon), Morrill, Nelson, Perkins, Pettigrew, Platt, Proctor, Quay, Sherman, Squire and Warren—21.

Nays—Allen, Bacon, Bate, Berry, Brice, Butler, Call, Carter, Chilton, Cockrell, Dubois, George, Gorman, Gray, Hill, Jones, (Nevada), Mantle, Morgan, Pasco, Peffer, Pugh, Roach, Smith, Teller, Turpie, Vest, Vilas, Voorhees and Walthall—29.

The pairs announced were as follows; the first named would have voted to take up the bill, so far as their proposition was stated:

Elkins with Faulkner, Gear with Gordon, Hansbrough with Palmer, McBride with Daniel, Wilson with Lindsay, Shoup with White, Wetmore with Irby, Gallinger with Mills, Hale with Jones (Arkansas), Cannon with Blackburn, Burrows with Blanchard, Lodge with Stewart, Chandler with Murphy, Sewell with Mitchell (Wisconsin), Davis with Kyle, Thurston with Tillman.

No announcement was made of the pairs of Baker, Pritchard and Wolcott, Republicans, or Caffery, Harris, Martin and Gibson, Democrats.

The principal reason why the silver Republicans voted against consideration is said to have been a fear on their part that by hook or crook the tariff bill might finally reach the President and be signed instead of vetoed. They saw no reason to run any such risk and preferred to follow the programme announced in the Wharton Barker circular recently published, that there should be no protective tariff legislation which was not accompanied by legislation for the free coinage of silver.

Decadence of a Time-Honored Custom.

The St. Valentine's Day custom of sending tender greetings or aggravating caricatures to loved ones, friends, or foes, seems to be dying out, if Postoffice statistics constitute a criterion. Superintendent of Mails Clark, of New York City, says that the saint's anniversary this year has caused no material increase in the amount of mail matter handled, while in previous years the increase around St. Valentine's Day has been very large.

One Town's Splendid Record.

More than one-fourth of the voters living in Stoneham, Me., are pensioners of the Civil War. But there were more enlistments from Stoneham than there were voters when the war was in progress.

SHEA DIES IN THE CHAIR.

The Troy Politician Suffers the Death Penalty at Dannemora.

Bartholomew or "Bat" Shea was electrocuted at 9.58 a. m. in Dannemora (N. Y) Prison. The twenty-seven witnesses were made up almost exclusively of physicians and newspaper men, all present in official capacities. At 9.30 a. m. they were asembled in the hotel office and marched to the death chamber. It was just 9.35 when the procession entered the room. First came Warden Thayer and Deputy McKenna, and immediately behind them was Shea, escorted by Vicar General Swift, of Troy; and Father Belanger, of Dannemora. Shea's face was pale. He walked firmly to the chair, and during the minute it took to affix the straps he gazed calmly around the room. His eyes were bright and he looked more like a spectator than the victim. At 9.56 the current was turned on and continued for one minute and twenty-one seconds. It was then shut off and Shea was pronounced dead. The highest voltage was 1800. This, however, was continued only eleven seconds, when it was reduced to 150 volts and continued at that until the end. The autopsy developed nothing out of the ordinary.

Shea was convicted of killing Robert Ross during a political fight at the polls in Troy on Election Day in the spring of 1894. Shea belonged to a club of political workers and Ross and his brother to another party. They met at the polls and a free fight began. Clubs and pistols were used. Robert Ross was killed and his brother, William, badly hurt. John McGough was sentenced to twenty years in prison for wounding William Ross, while Shea was ordered to the electric chair for killing Robert Ross.

Every effort was made to save Shea. The execution of his sentence was three times stayed by respites from the Governor and the action of the courts. McGough, last December, confessed that he fired the shot which killed Robert Ross, but, on examination, Judge Mayham, at Schoharie, pronounced the confession worthless.

PARDON OFFERED WALLER.

Provided That No Claims for Damages Be Made Against France.

The President sent to Congress a report from Secretary Olney and all the correspondence in the case of John L. Waller, ex-United States Consul to Tamatave, Madagascar, and now confined in a French prison under conviction of treason. Secretary Olney says that Waller was unquestionably guilty of the offense charged and that the penalty inflicted would be considered exceedingly moderate, but the French Government made an

JOHN L. WALLER.

offer to release Waller from further imprisonment and to pardon his offense on condition that the affair be thereby terminated as between the two Governments, and that the United States should make no claim for damages in behalf of the accused ex-Consul based on his arrest, conviction and imprisonment.

Ambassador Eustis, it appears from the correspondence, has been instructed to give notice to the French Government of the acceptance by the United States of these conditions and to exchange the notes necessary to carry out the arrangement. Waller may, however, sue in the French courts for damages for ill-treatment.

Waller, however, acting under the advice of his wife and his brother-in-law, has not consented to the arrangement, and still insists that he shall receive compensation from France. He charges that he had received ill-treatment while being taken from Madagascar to France, and demands indemnity.

WEYLER'S PROCLAMATION.

Cuba's New Captain-General Promises to Crush the Revolution.

General Weyler had been in Cuba but a few hours when he issued a series of proclamations and addresses which clearly demonstrated the policy he is determined to follow in his dealings with the revolutionists.

He states in unmistakable language that he will tolerate no interference with his purpose on the part of anybody, but that he has gone to Cuba to protect all loyal citizens and to punish all enemies of Spain and sympathizers with the insurrection.

The most significant part of his proclamation, which he entitles "a circular," is addressed to the military chiefs. He calls upon them to arrest, and in all cases to hold for his disposal, or to hand over to the proper tribunal, all persons who in any way give aid to or display sympathy towards the rebels, and that his policy will be guided entirely by the conduct of the insurgents themselves.

He announces frankly and squarely that it is his decided purpose to make use of all the means necessary to conquer this insurrection.

Minor Mention.

Mayor Lynde, of Greenfield, Mo., had himself brought to trial and fined $1 for violating a city ordinance.

A hole 150 feet long, ten feet wide and invisibly deep has appeared upon the farm of E. H. Ott, of Washington, Mo.

A Leavenworth (Ind.) woman is suing a man there for $50 for the loss of her pet cat, which, she avers, his horse ate.

Newel Perry, a student in the California University, though totally blind, takes long trips about the country on his bicycle.

Professor Fischer recently climbed the Finsteraahorn in the Alps. It is the first winter ascent of the mountain on record.

The detective armed with a small camera is the latest spotter on Eastern railroads. Several employes of a New England road have recently lost their jobs as a result of its activity.

QUAY FOR PRESIDENT.

He Consents to the Presentation of His Name at the St. Louis Convention.

Senator M. S. Quay, of Pensylvania, received a great many telegrams and letters from friends in various parts of the country in regards to his candidacy for the Presidency. "I have consented to permit my name

SENATOR M. S. QUAY.

to be used at the St. Louis Convention," the Senator said. "My friends have urged me to become a candidate, and I have consented."

THREW HIM UNDER A TRAIN.

Donlan's Drunken Attack Costs a Brave Man's Life.

At New Brunswick, N. J., while attempting to save a man's life at the Pennsylvania Railroad station, Edward Masterson, the station usher, was thrown deliberately in front of a train, receiving injuries which caused his death an hour later.

Thomas E. Donlan, of Philadelphia, the assailant of Masterson, was seized by angry men, some of whom were determined to lynch him. He was rescued and taken to the police station, followed all the way by the crowd, which several times tried to get possession of him.

Masterson was standing at the edge of the platform warning the passengers to stand back while a switch engine passed, when Donlan, who was intoxicated, started to cross the tracks. Masterson seized him and attempted to push him back.

This angered Donlan, who, jerking himself loose, gave Masterson a sudden shove, which sent him headlong before the locomotive. Before the train was stopped the engine and two cars had passed over him.

Crushed and bleeding, Masterson was raised to the platform and carried into the baggage room. Both his legs had been cut off below the knees, and his skull was fractured. Efforts of the physicians to save the man's life were in vain.

When it was learned that Masterson was dead, Donlan was taken from the jail and arraigned before Justice Rice. He was committed without bail on a charge of murder.

Masterson had been usher at the station ten years, and has a record of several lives saved by his bravery. He leaves a widow and two children.

RUMOR ABOUT NANSEN.

He is Alleged to Have Found the North Pole.

A dispatch received from Irkutsk, Siberia, says that a Siberian trader named Kouchnareff, who is the agent of Dr. Fridtjof Nansen, the Norwegian explorer, who sailed in the Fram June 24, 1893, for the Arctic regions, has received information to the effect

DR. NANSEN.

that Dr. Nansen has reached the North Pole, has found land there and is now returning toward civilization.

FORTY PERSONS DROWNED.

The Steamer Pearl Capsizes in the Brisbane River, Queensland.

The steamer Pearl, having on board about eighty persons, met with a peculiar accident at Brisbane, Queensland, that resulted in the death of forty persons. The Brisbane River has been greatly swollen by heavy rains that have fallen lately, and the current is running very strong. The Pearl was not strong enough to stem the current, and was swung broadside on and carried down the river.

Before she could get way enough on to carry her out of danger she was swung athwart the cable chains of the Lucinda, which was lying at anchor in the stream.

The Pearl struck the chains with such force that she was almost completely cut in two. Then the current turned her over and she sank. Before she went down, however, a vast volume of steam was seen ascending from her, and it was afterward learned that her steam pipes had been broken. Many of those on her lower deck were fatally scalded, while forty were drowned.

The work of rescuing the survivors was extremely difficult, as they were carried seaward with great rapidity by the flood. Thousands gathered about the scene of the disaster, and there were many affecting scenes as the living and dead were brought ashore. Some of the bodies will never be recovered.

Dobbins' Floating-Borax Soap is 100 per cent. pure. Made of Borax. It floats. Costs you same as poorer floating soap. Worth more. If all this is true you need it. Order one cake of your grocer, you'll want a box next.

Kentucky produced twice as much whisky during November and December of last year as in the same period of 1894.

Dr. Kilmer's SWAMP-ROOT cures all Kidney and Bladder troubles. Pamphlet and Consultation free. Laboratory Binghamton, N. Y.

All but ten of the Government buffaloes in the Yellowstone National Park have been slaughtered by poachers.

"BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES" are unequaled for clearing the voice. Public speakers and singers the world over use them.

The Washington prophets say that Congress is likely to continue the present session till late in the summer.

Grass is King! Hurrah!!

Shout for joy. The green grass rules. It's more valuable than oats, wheat and corn together. Luxuriant meadows are the farmer's delight. A positive way to get them and a very sure one we know is to sow Salzer's Extra Grass Mixtures. No need of waiting a life time either. Salzer has a mixture, sown in April, producing hay in June. The editor learns that many farmers report yields of six tons of magnificent hay per acre. Over one hundred different kinds of grasses, clovers, Teosinte, Sand Vetch, Giant, Spurry and Fodder plants! 35 packages earliest vegetables $1.00. Order them to-day!

IF YOU WILL CUT THIS OUT AND SEND it with 10c. postage to the John A. Salzer Seed Co., La Crosse, Wis., you will receive free ten grass and grain samples and their mammoth seed catalogue. Catalogue alone 5c. (A.)

Beware of Ointments for Catarrh That Contain Mercury,

as mercury will surely destroy the sense of smell and completely derange the whole system when entering it through the mucous surfaces. Such articles should never be used except on prescriptions from reputable physicians, as the damage they will do is ten fold to the good you can possibly derive from them. Hall's Catarrh Cure manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O., contains no mercury, and is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. In buying Hall's Catarrh Cure be sure to get the genuine. It is taken internally, and is made in Toledo, Ohio, by F. J. Cheney & Co. Testimonials free. Sold by Druggists, price 75c. per bottle.

FLORIDA FACTS.

February and March are two of the best months to visit Florida. The climate is fine and the social features at their height of interest. When you have made up your mind to go, you naturally want to get there as soon as possible and in the most comfortable manner. If you live in New York, Boston or Buffalo, you can take one of the Magnificent Trains of the "Big Four Route" from any one of these cities to Cincinnati, and with only one change of cars continue your journey to Jacksonville. Direct connection made in Central Union Station, Cincinnati, with through trains of all lines to Florida. Address E. O. McCormick, Passenger Traffic Manager, or D. B. Martin, General Passenger and Ticket Agent Big Four Route, Cincinnati, Ohio.

A Good Dog is Worth Looking After.

If you own a dog and think anything of him, you should be able to treat him intelligently when ill and understand him sufficiently to detect symptoms of illness. The dog doctor book written by H. Clay Glover, D. V. S., specialist in canine diseases to the principal kennel clubs, will furnish this information. It is a cloth bound, handsomely illustrated book, and will be sent postpaid by the Book Publishing House, 134 Leonard St., N. Y. City, on receipt of 40 cts. in postage stamps.

The Modern Mother

Has found that her little ones are improved more by the pleasant Syrup of Figs, when in need of the laxative effect of a gentle remedy than by any other, and that it is more acceptable to them. Children enjoy it and it benefits them. The true remedy, Syrup of Figs, is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Company only.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c. a bottle

THE AERMOTOR CO. goes half the world's windmill business, because it has reduced the cost of wind power to 1/6 what it was. It has many branch houses, and supplies its goods and repairs at your door. It can and does furnish a better article for less money than others. It makes Pumping and Geared, Steel, Galvanized-after-Completion Windmills, Tilting and Fixed Steel Towers, Steel Buzz Saw Frames, Steel Feed Cutters and Feed Grinders. On application it will name one of these articles that it will furnish until January 1st at 1/3 the usual price. It also makes Tanks and Pumps of all kinds. Send for catalogue. Factory: 12th, Rockwell and Fillmore Streets, Chicago.

GOLD RINGS FREE! We will give one half-round Ring, 18k Rolled Gold plate & warranted to anyone who will sell 1 doz. Indestructible Lamp Wicks (need no trimming) among friends at 10cts. each. Write us and we will mail you the Wicks. You sell them and send us the money and we will mail you the Ring. STAR CHEMICAL CO., Box 415, Centerbrook, Conn.

PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION

Seed time

The successful farmer has learned by experience that some grains require far different soil than others. He knows that a great deal depends on right planting at the right time. No use complaining in summer that a mistake was made in spring. *Decide before seed-time.* The best time to treat coughs and colds is before the seeds, or germs, of consumption have begun their destructive work.

Scott's Emulsion of Cod-liver Oil, with Hypophosphites, promptly cures lung and throat troubles. *Do not neglect your cold.*

SCOTT'S EMULSION has been endorsed by the medical profession for twenty years. (*Ask your doctor.*) This is because it is always *palatable*—always *uniform*—always *contains the purest Norwegian Cod-liver Oil and Hypophosphites.*

Insist on **Scott's Emulsion**, with trade-mark of man and fish.

Put up in 50 cent and $1.00 sizes. The small size may be enough to cure your cough or help your baby.

NYNU—8

RADWAY'S PILLS Cure

Sick Headache.

Biliousness,

Constipation,

Piles

—AND—

All Liver Disorders.

RADWAY'S PILLS are purely vegetable, mild and reliable. Cause perfect Digestion, complete absorption and healthful regularity.

25 cts. a box. At Druggists, or by mail. "Book of Advice" free by mail.

RADWAY & CO., P. O. Box 365, NEW YORK.

RIPANS TABULES

Mr. Wm. J. Carlton, of Elizabeth, N. J., says "I consulted a physician in the country this summer where I was spending my vacation, about a chronic dyspepsia, with which I have been a good deal troubled. It takes the form of indigestion, the food I take not becoming assimilated. After prescribing for me for some time, the physician told me I would have to be treated for several months with a mild laxative and corrective—something that would gradually bring back my normal condition without the violent action of drastic remedies. I recently sent to the Doctor (Dr. Thomas Cope, of Nazareth, Pa.) a box of Ripans Tabules, and wrote him what I understood the ingredients to be—rhubarb, ipecac, peppermint, aloes, nux vomica and soda. He writes back: 'I think the formula a very good one, and will no doubt just suit you.'"

Ripans Tabules are sold by druggists, or by mail if the price (50 cents a box) is sent to The Ripans Chemical Company, No 10 Spruce st., New York. Sample vial, 10 cents.

OPIUM and WHISKY habits cured. Book sent FREE. Dr. B. M. WOOLLEY, ATLANTA, GA.

OPIUM Morphine Habit Cured in 10 to 20 days. No pay till cured. DR. J. STEPHENS, Lebanon, Ohio.

A Perfect Food

That is what Baron von Liebig said of good chocolate. All of Walter Baker & Co.'s Cocoas and Chocolates are good,—the best, in fact.

Walter Baker & Co., Ltd., Dorchester, Mass.

"Good Wives Grow Fair in the Light of Their Works," Especially if They Use

SAPOLIO

The Mapleton Item

I. N. SWOPE, - - Editor & Proprietor.

THE ITEM" WILL BE PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY AT THE FOLOWING RATES IN ADVANCE:

ONE YEAR,.....$1.00
SIX MONTHS,.....50
THREE MONTHS,.....25

Entered at the Post Office at Mapleton Depot, Pa. as second-class matter.

Republican County Committee Meeting.

The Republican county committee met in the arbitration room at the court house, Huntingdon, Monday afternoon. Chairman Butz presided and I. N. Swope was chosen secretary pro tem. The roll was called and most of the districts of the county were represented.

After some discussion it was decided to hold two conventions this year, one Tuesday, March 24th, for the purpose of electing delegates to the state and national convention, and the other Tuesday, June 2nd for the purpose of nominating a county ticket.

Jere B. Rex, esq., offered the following resolution which was adopted unanimously:

Whereas, The junior senator from Pennsylvania, Hon. Matthew Stanley Quay, is now prominently mentioned as a candidate of the republican party for president, therefore be it

Resolved, That recognizing the eminent ability of Senator Quay to fill the first position in our national government; appreciating the magnificent service he has always given to the people in advocating and advancing the principles of the republican party; admiring his gallant record as a union soldier and as one of the foremost statesmen in the nation; believing him to be one of the best living exponents of the true republicanism as taught by the great leaders of the whig and republican parties: with supreme faith in his ability and purpose to give to this government a pure and honest republican administration; trusting him as a man who holds the best interests of the people as of paramount importance, and one who never feared to trust his cause to the people, we, the republican county committee of Huntingdon county, representing a united party, heartily endorse the candidacy of Hon. Matthew Stanley Quay, and hereby instruct the delegates to the coming state convention and the national delegate who may be selected in this county, should he be chosen to represent our congressional district in the national convention, to vote for and use all honorable means within their power to bring about the nomination of Senator Quay, and in that event pledging for the party in this county a unanimous vote at the polls next November.

MOUNT UNION.

Geo. M. Appleby, of Oil City, Pa., visited parents and friends in town last week.

J. White Shaver has purchased the property of Forest Shaver, on Halley street.

Miss Pearl Lukens was confined to her home last week with an attack of grippe.

D. F. Harrison, of Everett, spent some time last week with parents and others in this place.

Thomas Stratford, who is in charge of his father's marble yard at Tyrone, is at home on a short vrsit.

During the extreme cold weather of the past few days the thermometer got below zero several degrees.

The election in this place yesterday passed off very quietly. There was considerable cutting of tickets.

Thos. Huling, of Altoona, a former resident of this place, was in town on a visit to friends and others last week.

Mr. and Mrs. W. T. Bell gave a millinery party at their residence on Water street to a large crowd of young people on Wednesday evening last.

Eleven persons were received on probation in the M. E. church on Sunday morning last. The protracted meeting which began on the first of the year is still in full force.

Editor H. A. Thompson, of the Tyrone *Times*, spent Sunday with his family in this place and removed his household goods to Tyrone on Monday, his family following on Tuesday.

H. C. Kieferle started on Tuesday morning for Philadelphia where he will be employed at his trade of printing. Mr. Kieferle spent a vacation of about ten days very pleasantly at his home in this place.

The car representing Florida on wheels was the attraction in this place on Wednesday. Many persons availed themselves of the opportunity to see the fine fruits and vegetation of that fine climate for a very small sum.

TROUGH CREEK.

A. T. Coder and wife visited L. K. Smith's on Sunday.

E. M. Smith, J. T. Wright and W. M. Swope are putting up lime stacks.

I am pleased to see that Huntingdon county is represented in the late popular loan, and further that there are only three counties in Pennsylvania that furnished greater amounts than Huntingdon.

Newton, son of L. K. Smith, has been quite poorly for a few days but was better on Sunday.

The ground hog has certainly proven himself, so far, to be as reliable as any of the prophets.

D. W. Fink, who had a paralytic stroke early in November, was somewhat worse last week but soon rallied to about his former condition.

A. W. Wright and wife visited "Aunt Katy Foust," as she is familiarly known, in the Lick Ridges last week. They found the old lady enjoying good health for one of her years.

Dr. A. Smith, our oldest citizen, is quite ill at this writing. J. Madison Wright has been quiie poorly since our last report. Barton Greenland is having trouble with something like the grippe.

Some of the people are very much concerned about the election. This is perfectly right and if taxpayers would look more to their interests and less to petty and personal prejudices we would have a much better state of affairs at much less expense.

I learn by the Gettysburg *Compiler* that Belle, second daughter of the lamented Griffith, is in the Methodist hospital in Philadelphia being treated for rheumatism. Belle is a bright little girl and we hope for her speedy and permanent recovery.

A. G. Wright is said to have been the happiest man in the valley of late, and although a Methodist his happiness was not all on account of the revival at Calvin, but more particularly on account of a bouncing boy that came to his house recently. As this is the first boy Graham has a right to feel glad.

PINE GROVE.

Sudden changes in the temperature make disagreeable weather.

W. A. Crotsley came near losing a good horse one night last week.

A number of our young people attended the local institute at Hawn's school house on Saturday last.

H. L. Steel was circulating among friends at Pine Grove on Saturday. Lynn always brings a smile with him.

Rev. Stine preached a very good sermon Sabbath last at Pine Grove and in the evening closed the protracted services at Calvin. Quite a number were taken into the church, some as full members and some on probation.

Word has reached us that Benjamin, only son of Mr. and Mrs. C. M. Glasgow, of Altoona, is seriously sick and doubts of his recovery are entertained. We trust, however, that his life may be spared. E. S. Chilcott and Miss Julia Chilcott went on Sunday to see him.

The present winter so far has been one of unusual severity on the grain. It has not been protected to amount to much, which with the small growth last fall the outlook for a good harvest is not very encouraging. Farmers, as well as laborers, are indeed having a hard time. There is a remedy for a large part of this if the farmer would only use the proper medicine in the proper way.

Threw Away His Canes.

Mr. D. Wiley, ex-postmaster, Black Creek, N. Y., was so badly afflicted with rheumatism that he was only able to hobble around with canes, and even then it caused him great pain. After using Chamberlain's Pain Balm he was so much improved that he threw away his canes. He says this liniment did him more good than all other medicines and treatment put together. For sale at 50 cents per bottle by J. G. Gillam.

All Free.

Those who have used Dr. King's New Discovery know its value, and those who have not, have now the opportunity to try it free. Call on B. O'Connor & Sons and get a trial bottle, free. Send your name to H. E. Bucklen & Co., Chicago, and get a sample box of Dr. King's New Life Pills free, as well as a copy of Guide to Health and Household Instructor free. All of which is guaranteed to do you good and cost you nothing.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Soress Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded Price 25 cents per box. For sale by B. O'Connor & Sons.

—Eighteen retail and four wholesale liquor licenses were granted in Bedford county, and one refused.

The Election.

The election in this borough yesterday was very quiet and but little interest was manifested. Only eighty-nine votes were cast which number is but a few over half the number on the registry list. Following is the result:

	Rep.		Dem.
JUDGE OF ELECTION.			
G. C. Miller,	64	S. B. Neice,	24
INSPECTOR.			
J. A. Brumbaugh,	61	John Baker,	26
COUNCILMEN, 1 year.			
W. H. Mounts,	60	Elliott Robley,	18
B. F. Slates,	66	R. N. McCarl,	20
COUNCILMEN, 2 years.			
R. C. Fields,	58	George Morgan,	29
A. Lamberson,	55	L. D. Himes,	19
COUNCILMEN, 3 years.			
Samuel Hatfield,	75		
H. H. Swope,	63	Wm. O'Connor,	24
L. D. Himes,	49	A. B. Gillam,	34
SCHOOL DIRECTORS.			
L. D. Himes	46	M. P. Truax,	44
A. M. Parker,	79		
CONSTABLE.			
James Montgomery	63		
HIGH CONSTABLE.			
James G. Spangler,	75		
AUDITOR.			
J. H. Shimer,	64	G. D. Wood,	20

In Union township there was considerable interest manifested. The nominations for the Calvin side were not filed with the commissioners and in consequence the tickets for Calvin district had but the names of the Union nominees. This necessitated the writing of the names of the Calvin nominees and gave interest to the contest. Almost a full vote was polled with the following result:

	Calvin.	Union.
JUDGE OF EECTION.		
W. B. Smith,	60	
Alvin Decker,		38
A. R. Foster,		25
INSPECTOR.		
J. C. Pheasant,	18	
Samuel F. Steel,	29	
J. M. Wright,	18	
Jesse Pheasant,		27
W. T. Boring,		19
J. E. Quarry,		11
D. H. Heck,		6
SUPERVISORS.		
Darby Miller,	40	45
C. M. Pheasant,	58	9
M. R. Brenneman,	11	22
Ephraim Dell,	10	9
J. A. Patterson,		1
SCHOOL DIRECTORS.		
Allison Pheasant,	39	53
J. W. Wright,	31	32
A. G. Wright,	61	1
A. T. Coder,	1	23
REGISTERING ASSESSOR.		
D. L. Smith,		30
A. T. Coder,		34
AUDITOR.		
Miles Miller,	44	42
J. M. Oswalt,	21	22
TOWNSHIP CLERK.		
W. H. Dell,	16	41
O. T. Swope,	50	21

POLITICAL ANNOUNCEMENTS.

DELEGATE TO NATIONAL CONVENtion.—I hereby announce myself as a candidate in Huntingdon county for delegate to the Republican National Convention, subject to the rules of the party in Huntingdon county and the eighteenth Congressional district.

JERE B. REX.

Huntingdon, Pa., Dec. 16, 1895.

COUNTY TREASURER.—The undersigned hereby announces himself as a candidate for county treasurer subject to the decision of the Republican county convention.

JEROME S. NOPHSKER,

Huntingdon, Pa., Feb. 17, 1896 tc.

COUNTY TREASURER.—The undersigned hereby announces himself as a candidate for county treasurer subject to the decision of the Republican county convention.

D. M. MILLER,

Spruce Creek, Feb. 17, 1896 tc.

COUNTY COMMISSIONER.—The undersigned hereby announces himself as a candidate for county commissioner subject to the decision of the Republican county convention.

ANDREW SCHULDT,

Porter Twp., Feb. 17, 1896.

STATE SENATE.—I hereby announce myself as a candidate for senator from the 33d senatorial district subject to the decision of the Republican Convention in Huntingdon county.

H. C. CHISHOLM,

Huntingdon, Feb. 17, 1896.

REGISTER AND RECORDER.—The undersigned hereby announces himself as a candidate for register and recorder subject to the decision of the Republican county convention.

B. F. GODARD,

Huntingdon, Feb. 17, 1896.

Union National Bank

OF HUNTINGDON.

No. 113 Fourth St.

K. ALLEN LOVELL, President.
H. B. BRUMBAUGH, Vice President.
R. J. MATTERN, Cashier

DIRECTORS.

J. C. Hazlett, E. S. McMurtrie, Calvin Greea
K. A. Lovell and H. B. Brumbaugh.

Regular Discount Day—WEDNESDAY.

Deposits received subject to check. Collections made in all parts of the world, and a regular banking business transacted. Accounts with corporations, firms, individuals, and the business public generally, opened on most favorable terms. B13z.

In Introducing Ourselves

To the readers of the MAPLETON ITEM we wish to state that we keep a FIRST-CLASS DRY GOODS STORE—almost everything you need in this line and at popular cash prices. We intend having a Special Sale of Notions and Fancy Goods, Hosiery, Gloves and Underwear for THREE DAYS, **March 2d, 3d and 4th,** to which we ask your attention. The goods will be sold at less than half price and you will get bargains. We will place on sale about TWO THOUSAND DOLLARS WORTH of the above goods.

William Reed & Son,

Huntingdon, Pa.

J. O. HEATON,

CASSVILLE, PA.

DRY GOODS.

Having anticipated the requirements of the trade with increased facilities, larger room, we are prepared to meet its demands. We are pleased to state that our efforts to handle a first-class assortment, complete in style, have been amply repaid by the marked increase in our trade. Our goods are warranted as represented. An honest competition invariably results in approval.

GROCERIES.

We carry a nice, clean stock and the low prices make them sell.

Get my prices on Coal Oil before buying elsewhere. I buy in larger quantily and will sell very low. I handle only the best grade 150 test. Another specialty is Shelf Hardware. I can save you money by buying from me.

PAINTS, OILS,

Drugs, Window Glass, Queensware, Wood and Willow ware, at excedingly low prices. If you want a set of Harness at a saving of 15 to 20 per cent. give me your order. We sell the famous Catarangus company's Knives and Scissors. All goods warranted.

We e do not sell goods at cost, but considering the quality we do sell as low, and a great many thing lower, than any merchant in the county. Trade with us; we will treat you right.

J. O. HEATON,
Cassville, - - Penn'a.

DO YOU WANT A HOME?

Good Chance.
Easy Payments.

The Rent Pays for the Property.

At $25.00 Cash, and $5.00 per month for 10 years, your choice of the three properties on Glendower way, or $20.00 down and $5.50 for property on Hill street. No interest charged. Title guaranteed. For further particulars call on or address

GEO. W. YOCUM,
Huntingdon, Pa.

I. N. SWOPE,
Mapleton Depot, Pa.

EVERYBODY APPRECIATES

A Good Newspaper.

You want to keep posted on all the events of the day, and in order to do so, you must read a paper which contains all the news. The

PITTSBURG CHRONICLE TELEGRAPH

is the best home paper published, and its facilities for obtaining the most reliable information are unexcelled. Special care is taken to give the most accurate and unbiased news obtainable.

THE SPECIAL FEATURES

embrace, in addition to the latest news, a financial, sporting and society department, each of which contains a complete and accurate account of the day's events. Handled in all surrounding towns by agents. One cent a copy or six cents a week. Send postal card for sample copy.

CHRONICLE TELEGRAPH,
PITTSBURG, PA.

J. L. HOUCK, Cassville, Penn'a.

Happy New Year. In wishing you a happy new year we think that happiness to a great extent is based on prosperity, which depends largely on good judgment. Feeling confident that our line of Dry Goods, Notions, Underwear and Groceries are as complete as any store in the country, and that our prices are as low, if not lower, for same quality of goods. I do not hesitate to ask your patronage on strictly business merits.

Unbleached Muslins. I will have a big drive again in a few days on Unbleached Muslins. Look out for them.

Hardware. I am adding to this line every week and expect in the near future to have a full line. I especially call your attention to the Double-bitt Chopping Axe that I handle, which, in quality and price, recommends itself.

Stove Pipe and Tinware. We have a full line of hand-made and city Tinware; also, Stove Pipe of the best grade, and we emphatically say we can save you money on these goods. Call and see us and you will verify what we have said.

J. L. HOUCK, Cassville, Pa.

What Some of You are Missing.

Men's goods 4-stay Wool Boots, the best Lumbermen's Overs, $1.50 to $1.98.
Men's Lumbermen's Stockings, with best Overs, $1.65.
Men's best Overshoes, 55c.
Ladies', " " 25c. to 38c.
Misses' " " 22c.
Child's " " 16c.
" etra heavy, wool edge, 25c.
Men's first quality Rubber Boots, $2.35.
Men's 4-stay Wool Boots, 65c.
Boys' Overcoats, 98c., and plenty of other bargains.

The above goods are less than the wholesale price.

C. B. CRUM,

King of Low Prices;
SALTILLO, - - PA

CHAS. W. HINEY. W. W. WITHINGTON

Hiney & Withington,

GENERAL INSURANCE
—AND—
REAL ESTATE AGENTS,
MOUNT UNION, PA.

Fire, Life, and Accident Insurance placed with reliable companies. The fire insurance companies represented by us are not connected with the existing combination of fire insurance companies for increasing the rates of insurance on all kinds of property, and we can therefore place fire insurance at lower figures, an item to be considered by the insured. We respectfully solicit a share of public patronage. Office adjoining Nevell's having Parlors, near the Railroad Depot.

FIRE INSURANCE.

I can give you Reliable Insurance at nett rates. Don't run the risk of losing your property without protection.

INSURE YOUR { House, Furniture, Stable.

Special Rates on Farm Property.

L. M. SPEER, Agt.

The Mapleton Item.

Mapleton Depot, Pa., Feb. 19, 1896.

LOCAL NOTES.

—Saturday next will be Washington's birthday.

—Judge Stewert has granted 38 liquor licenses in Franklin county.

—Bedford county's new jail, which is nearing completion, will cost $28,931.

—J. O. Heaton, merchant at Cassville, sells and recommends Chamberlain's remedies.

—The Democratic State convention will be held at Allentown on Wednesday, April 9.

—Floyd W. Miller and wife, of Huntingdon, were guests of Mapleton friends over Sunday.

—Joseph J. Gillam, of Petersburg, spent a day of last week with his brothers in this place.

—Misses Sylvia and Orpha Stever, of Cassville, were Sunday guests of Bruce Yocum and wife.

—If you are interested in poultry read about the one hundred poultry pictures in another column.

—J. N. McClain, of Eagle Foundry, was a pleasant business caller at the ITEM office this morning.

—Yesterday, Shrove Tuesday, was the three hundred and fiftieth anniversary of the death of Martin Luther.

—Lewis Dentzler, of Altoona, spent last Thursday with J. D. Sloan's family in Mapleton. Mr. Dentzler is engaged in the tinning business in the Mountain city.

—W. S. Greenland and Chas. Stapleton, of Cassville, Huntingdon county, have secured work nnder Foreman McGlinsay on the P. R. R.—*Bellwood Bulletin.*

—Candidates are quite numerous. They want to make their wants known and we advise them that one of the best ways to do this is to announce their candidacy in the ITEM.

—L. A. Himes, wife and son, of Mill Creek, yesterday departed for a six weeks' visit to his son Prof. R. L. Himes, of Louisiana. The ITEM wishes them a pleasant visit and a safe return.

—Dr. H. C. Chisholm, of Huntingdon, announces his candidacy for state senate in this issue of the ITEM. The doctor is an ardent Republican, a man of ability, and would make a good senator.

—For the accommodation of those desiring to witness the greatest military drama "The Drummer Boy of Shiloh" at Huntingdon, Feb. 20, 21 and 22nd, Fast Line east will stop at Mapleton on the 21st.

—W. P. Wright, of Calvin, was a welcome caller at the ITEM office yesterday. Mr. Wright's family have been very much afflicted during the past few weeks with grippe but they are slowly improving.

—Andrew Shuldt, a Porter township farmer, of industrious habits and good business qualifications, has announced himself as a candidate for county commissioner. Mr. Schuldt would make a good commissioner.

—W. A. Myton, of Petersburg, spent Saturday in Mapleton, the guest of his sister, Mrs. A. B. Gillam. Mr. Myton will become a resident of Huntingdon the first of April, having purchased the I. N. Foust property.

—B. F. Godard, of Huntingdon, formerly of Mapleton, has announced himself as a candidate for register and recorder. Mr. Godard is an excellent penman, a good accountant and would fill the position creditably.

—David M. Miller, of Spruce Creek, one of the hardest working Republicans in the county, has announced himself as a candidate for County Treasurer. Mr. Miller is a trustworthy man of wide acquaintance and would make a good official.

—The Government will realize about eleven million dollars premium on its recent one hundred million dollars popular loan. In other words, it will receive about $111,000,000 in gold for its $100,000,000's worth of thirty-year bonds.

—The American Lodge of the Amalgamated Association, composed of puddlers employed by Jones & Laughlins, Pittsburg, held its final meeting on Monday a week, as the firm has dismantled the last of its puddling furnaces to make steel exclusively. The mill was at one time the largest puddling plants in the country. The puddlers have secured other work.

—Jerome S. Nophsker, of Huntingdon, announces himself as a candidate for County Treasurer. Mr. Nophsker has been a faithful Republican and has done effective party work. He is a reliable man and has the qualifications necessary for the position.

—The Huntingdon county district convention of the P. O. S. of A., will be held at Orbisonia next Saturday. Much important business is to be transacted. Friday evening a public meeting will be held which will be addressed by State Secretary, William Weand.

—From the Altoona *Tribune* of yesterday we learn that on Saturday night thieves visited the home of Jacob Miller, of Juniata, formerly of Mapleton, and stole a silver watch and eight dollars in money. Mr. Miller ought to get his Winchester in shape for such visitors.

—William Reed, & Son, Huntingdon's wide-awake dry goods merchants, have a new advertisement in this issue of the ITEM. By a study of the wants of the people, strict attention to business and a liberal use of printers ink this firm has built up a large and successful business.

—Next Saturday evening Rev. B. H. Hart, of Huntingdon, will preach an illustrated sermon on Odd Fellowship in the M. E. church. A cordial invitation is extended to the public. Rev. Hart preached this sermon at Huntingdon a few weeks ago, and it was highly complimented.

—From letters received during the past week we learn that Charles M. Stever, whose illness from typhoid fever at the home of his sister in Altoona has frequently been mentioned in these columns, is again poorly. He was almost convalescent but had the third relapse last week. But little hope is entertained of his recovery.

—Benjamin Franklin Glasgow, a bright three year old son of Clarence M. and Ella R. Glasgow, of Altoona, died at 10.30 o'clock Sunday morning of spinal meningitis. The remains were brought to Mapleton on mail yesterday evening and taken to the former home of the parents at Calvin, where they will be interred to-day. We extend sympathy to the bereaved family.

—Kirby, a little son of W. C. Barkley, of Union township, was loitering about the station on Monday jumping on and off moving trains. He boarded one that had watered at this station and rode a short distance above town. In jumping off he fell and was severely cut and bruised about the head and face. Such is the usual result and some plan should be devised by those in authority to stop freight jumping, which is a prevalent habit at this place.

—Mrs. Sarah Hauger, of near Shepherdstown, West Virginia, died Saturday, Fabruary 8, 1896, of pneumonia, after an illness of but one week's duration. Deceased was a sister of the late David and Moses Swope, of Trough Creek. The only surviving member of the family now is John Swope, of Fairfield, Iowa. Mrs Hauger was making preparations for a visit to friends in this section at the time she was taken sick. Four sons and one daughter survive her.

A Minister Robed.

A short time ago Rev. B. J. Hummel left his home to visit several families who were reported sick. During his absence, which was only a few hours, there came to his home two ladies inquiring for the Reverend. They gave their names as Mattie Robley and Jennie McDonald, of Mapleton. They expressed their disappointment in not finding the pastor at home, but they told his wife to inform him on his return that he was wanted at Hazlett Bros.' clothing store as soon as convenient, which orders were complied with, and found that arrangements had been made for a suit of clothes for himself and that his measure was to be taken for that purpose. Of course he submitted and was neatly fitted with a handsome suit for which he is very thankful to contributors.

Marriage Licenses.

The following marriage licenses have been issued by M. W. Isenberg, clerk of the Orphans' court during the past week:

Isaac F. Gifford and Margaret M. McAllister, of Shirleysburg.

Alfred Malone, Altoona, and Sadie Ramsey, Broad Top City.

Alexander Walker and Anna Mary Rick, Harrisburg, Pa.

James Yarnell and Nellie Hawk, Huntingdon.

Court Proceedings.

The February session of court convened at 1.30 p. m. on Monday, with Judges Bailey, Geissinger and Laird on the bench.

The following motions and petitions were offered.

Order to sell the real estate of Hays Haga, late of Huntingdon, confirmed nisi.

Rule on the heirs any legal representatives of Frank Hefright, late of Huntingdon, to accept or refuse real estate at valuation.

Acceptance of partition of real estate of John and Anthony Hoffman by Frank C. Chilcote, at valuation of $690.

Order to sell real estate of W. H. Miller, late of Orbisonia, for payment of debts.

Supplemental report of S. I. Spyker, Esq., auditor to pass upon the exceptions of Dr. W. C. James, guardian of Effie W. Lynn, confirmed.

Order to sell real estate of Miriam Green, late of Clay township.

Order to sell real estate of Joshua Booher, late of Cromwell township, enlarged and continued till next court.

Order to sell real estate of John Jamison, late of Saltillo, for payment of debts, confirmed nisi.

Report of R. A. Orbison, auditor, to distribute funds in the hands of William W. Black, administrator and trustee of Nancy Walker, late of Alexandria, confirmed nisi.

John H. Hefright, Minnie B. Hefright and Mittie E. Kirk, elect to take purpart No. 2, known as the Stewart farm in Barree township, appraised at $3,500, in the partition of the real estate of their father, Henry Hefright.

Order to sell real estate of Catharine Kough, late of Dublin township, renewed and continued, returnable at March argument court.

Order to view and lay out road from near Cornpropst's Mills to McAlevy's Fort, confirmed absolutely.

Subpœna awarded in libel in divorce of Mary Lewis against Henry Lewis.

Rule awarded to show cause why judgment should not be opened and defendants let into a defence, in the case of Charlotte Robinson, executrix of H. C. Robinson, against John E. Speck and L. G. Cornelius, made returnable at argument court.

Order to view and lay out a private road from near Albert L. Curfman's, in Clay township, to a point on public road near Sidling Hill Gap, with five days' notice to be given the County Commissioners and the persons through whose land the said road will pass. Confirmed nisi.

Executors of George A. Port, late of Huntingdon, petition for leave to amend their statement of claim against John A. Nash.

Petition of Mrs. Annie Law to stay execution granted, and made returnable at March argument court.

Alias subpœna awarded in libel in divorce of Laura J. Pelan against Arthur B. Pelan, made returnable at next term of court.

Subpœna awarded in libel in divorce of Lizzie Bupp against Samuel Bupp.

Samuel I. Spyker appointed commissioner to take testimony in subpœna in divorce of Laura Ann Clapper against O. B. Clapper.

W. R. Robinson, of Sharpsburg, Pa., appointed commissioner to take depositions in the case of Carrie Sellers against A. G. Sellers, for divorce.

Commonwealth against Harry Huff, fornication and bastardy, nolle pros, entered.

Return of the assignee of the sale of the real estate of I. N. Foust, amounting to $7,445, confirmed nisi.

Charles G. Brown appointed auditor on petition of Thomas Oaks, to make distribution of funds from sale of personal property of W. F. Eberman.

Alias subpœna awarded in libel in divorce of Mary M. Norman against John C. Norman.

Order to Will J. Forbes, Esq., assignee to sell real estate of G. W. and Melinda English, confirmed nisi.

Asbury Neville plead guilty to the charge of larceny.

John Pearce plead guilty to the charge of fornication and bastardy. Usual sentence.

The following true bills were found by the Grand Jury.

Com. vs. George Sleeman. Adultery.

Com. vs. John Bell, cutting timber on lands of another.

Com. vs. Samuel Laub, forgery.

Com. vs. Dominic Dimony, adultery.

Com. vs. George W. Holland, libel.

Report of viewers to view and lay out a public road in Brady township, confirmed absolutely.

Rule awarded Isaac Baughman to show cause why mandamus should not be awarded.

Decree awarded against A. C. Madden, administrator of Daniel Hawn, to forthwith pay to Susan Hawn the amount to which she is entitled under the distribution as confirmed by the Court.

In the matter of the petition of citizens of Spruce Creek township for the appointment of viewers to lay out a county bridge over the mouth of Spruce Creek, the Court refused to appoint viewers on the ground that a similar view had been rejected by the Grand Jury at September sessions last.

With leave of Court the District Attorney entered a nolle pros in the case of the Com. vs. W. W. McCracken, charged with being accessory to the shooting of George Hawn, his brothers Ellsworth and Joseph, having been acquitted of the same charge at September court.

B. E. Wood, an ex-agent of the Singer Sewing Machine Co., was convicted on three indictments of forgery.

George Sleeman, of Saltillo, who was tried on the charge of adultery, was acquitted, the jury directing the prosecutor to pay the costs.

The case of the Commonwealth against Daniel Benson, charged with incestuous fornication in co-habiting with his daughter, attracted wide attention. The jury acquitted the defendant.

George W. Holland was convicted of libel.

Daniel G. Jenkins, an ex-Reformatory convict, was found guilty of stealing a gold watch from the house of Mrs. Ella Numer, October 12, 1895.

A nol. pros. was entered in case of Commonwealth vs. W. W. McCracken, convicted of murder at September term, 1895, but granted a new trial.

Three civil cases were tried.

Samuel Gaster brought suit against S. R. Geissinger to recover a balance of $161.95. The jury awarded him $109.

Mrs. Alice Mills brought suit against W. H. Spangler to recovery damages for defects in a horse which the defendant had sold her under a guarantee of soundness and recovered $25.

In the suit of J. T. Himes vs. Mrs. Mary W. Curry a verdict was given Mr. Himes for $80 and interest.

SENTENCES.

Saturday Judge Bailey imposed sentences upon criminals convicted at last waek's quarter sessions court.

Emory Hicks, who plead guilty to pointing a pistol at Station Agent Gilbaugh, at Grafton, was sent to the reformatory. Asbury Nevill, convicted of stealing a bridle from Dr. W. T. Shaffer, of Mount Union, was given eight months in jail. Dominica Donimie was given sixty days for fordication. Daniel Jenks, convicted of the larceny of a watch, was sentenced to the western penitentiary for five years, but several hours afterward Judge Bailey reduced the sentence to three years. Samuel Laub, convicted of forging the name of J. C. Blair to a $10 check, will put up with prison life in the Western penitentiary for two years.

Over One Hundred Poultry Pictures.

Of Poultry Houses, Incubators, Brooders and Brooder Appliances, in POULTRY KEEPER ILLUSTRATOR QUARTERLY No. 1 Price 25 cents, postpaid, or 75 cents for the four numbers of 1896. That leading poultry magazine THE POULTRY KEEPER, one year, 50 cents, or both the POULTRY KEEPER and ILLUSTRATOR, one year to new subscribers for only eighty cents. Sample POULTRY KEEPER free. Address, Poultry Keeper Co., Box Y, Parkesburg, Ches. Co., Pa.

SCHOOL REPORT.

No 1—Louisa Dell, Teacher.

	Males	Females	Total.
Whole attendance	26	19	45
Average "	21	15	36
Per cent of "	89	84	87

The following pupils missed no time during the month: Luther Skinpier, Gilbert Skipper, Willie Hooper, Howard Chilcote, George White, David Hagaus, Dale Bell, John Chilcote, Robert McCarl, John Himes, Loy Rex, Charlie Shore, Harry Long, Roy O'Connor, Myrtle Fisher, Georgia Dell, Blanche Chilcote, Mary Hooper, Olive Morgan; missed one-half day, Tillie Neice, Harry Hommond Visitors, 14.

To Tie Makers.

Replying to numerous inquiries, we will buy White Oak and Rock Oak ties, advance goods on them, and allow whatever we can realize from them, paying balance in cash. Specifications are 8½ feet long, 7 in. face, 7 in. thick for first class, and for second class not less than 6 inches face and 6 inches thick.

Dec. 23 tf. J. G. GILLAM.

FOR RENT.—A cabinet maker and undertaker shop or store room, with 4-room dwelling attached. Good location. Inquire of Marshall Yocum, Mpleton Depot, Pa.

FOR RENT.—A good two-story dwelling house in Mapleton borough. For particulars, inquire of Jere B. Rex, executor of W. H. Rex, deceased, Huntingdon, Pa. 2-22.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

[Estate of W. H. Rex, deceased.]

Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary have been granted to the undersigned upon the estate of William H. Rex, late of Mapleton borough. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them duly authenticated for settlement.

JERE B. REX,
1-22 f. Executor.

HEADQUARTERS FOR

SWEET PEAS.

Mixed Varieties { Per pound . . . . 40c. Half pound . . . 25c. Quarter pound . . 15c.

THE ONLY

DOUBLE SWEET PEA,

BRIDE OF NIAGARA.

(True to Name.)

Price—Packet 25c. Half packet 15c.

THE WONDERFUL

CRIMSON RAMBLER ROSE,

Only 15 Cents.

VICK'S FLORAL GUIDE, 1896,

The Pioneer Seed Catalogue.

Tried and True Novelties.—Fuchsias, Roses, Blackberry, The Pearl Gooseberry, Potatoes, Earliest Tomato Known, etc.

Lithographs of Double Sweet Pea, Roses, Fuchsias, Blackberries, Raspberries, New Leader Tomato, Vegetables. Filled with good things, old and new. Full list of Flowers, Vegetables, Small Fruits, etc., with description and prices. Mailed on receipt of 10 cts., which may be deducted from first order—really Free,—or free with an order for any of the above.

ROCHESTER, N. Y.

JAMES VICK'S SONS

Ties, - Ties.

Ties!

Yes, we will take Rock Oak and White Oak Ties, and will advance goods on them and make prompt returns and payment as soon as they are inspected and paid for. For any further information concerning ties call and see us.

Remember

We carry the largest and most complete stock of merchandise in this part of the county.

Fresh Meat,

Hard, Soft, Cannel

COAL

Constantly on hand.

Respectfully,

A. B. Gillam.

Benj. O'Connor & Sons.

Where there is plenty there is generally happiness.

THOSE PEOPLE have the most who get the most for each dollar they spend judiciously.

Your dollar will go farthest at our store. Our stock and assortment are purchased with a view to please our customers. Trade with us.

B. O'CONNOR & SONS

MARTHA WASHINGTON WAFFLES

A corner cupboard quaint and old, and on each dusty shelf,
Queer relics of the olden times, frail glass and bits of delf.

A baby's toys, a silken purse, a fan all lace and pearls,
And shut within a dainty box, two faded yellow curls.

A girlish, dimpled, laughing face, ah! me, this faded hair
And pictured semblance, now, are all that's left of one so fair.

Great grandmamma, for fifty years, above her quiet grave,
Have blown the drifting winter snows, while summer grasses wave.

Here is the sampler where she learned to make the alphabet,
And here the satin shoes, in which she danced the minuet.

Right well, I ween, she liked to go to party and to rout,
And yet she was a famous cook, 'tis said—beyond a doubt.

Here is her olden cook'ry book, I look, and still can see
All faintly traced in faded inks, each old-time recipe.

They're signed by many stately dames that hist'ry knows full well;
O, could they speak, what wondrous tales these recipes might tell!

"Writ by our hand," the legend saith; let's see, now here is one,
Why, bless me, do I read aright? 'Tis Martha Washington!

And did she write it? Ah, who knows? These are the words I see:
"Ye Lady Martha Washington, her Waffle Recipe."

"Beat now," is written upon this page, "six eggs till they are light,
Then, into these you lightly sift one pound of flour, white.

"Next, milk your cow; just three half pints take from the gentle beast,
Put in a teaspoonful of salt, three tablespoons of yeast.

"Now call the maids, and bid them beat the whole with all their might,
Then put it by the kitchen fire and let it rise o'er night.

"When morning comes, this mixture stir," says Lady Washington,
"And then in well-greased irons, bake until the whole is done."

A simple recipe, you see, 'tis made without much fuss,
But what the country's "Father" ate will surely do for us.

—Lizzie M. Hadley, in Good Housekeeping.

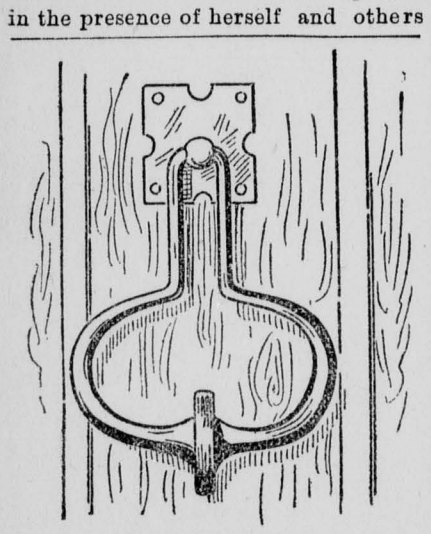
PIOUS WASHINGTON.

His Impressive Prayer on the Eve of a Battle.

An interesting episode occurred during the stay of General Washington at the old Valentine homestead shortly before the battle of Chatterton Hill, in White Plains, N. Y.

Elizabeth Valentine, aunt of Nathaniel B. Valentine, who still resides on the famous Valentine's Hill, was living, with her parents, in the old house at the time. Although but a child, she was profoundly impressed by the visit to her home of such a notable personage, and retained a vivid recollection of the incidents of the occasion to the end of her long life.

She was always glad to tell of them, recalling nothing more clearly than the fact that the General made a prayer in the presence of herself and others

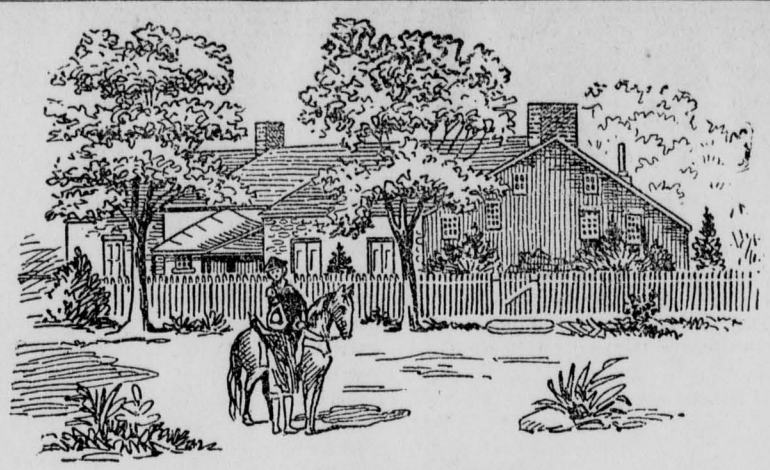


OLD DOOR KNOCKER.
(From the Valentine House.)

at about the time of his departure for what proved to be the battlefield of Chatterton Hill, in the course of which he quoted the twenty-second verse of the twenty-second chapter of Joshua, as follows:

"The Lord God of Gods, the Lord God of Gods, He Knoweth, and Israel, He shall know; if it be in rebellion, or if in transgression against the Lord. (save us not this day.")

When it is considered that these words were uttered by the Commander-in-Chief of the Revolutionary forces at such a supreme crisis in the long struggle for independence, when the chances of success seemed more than doubtful, all who read them will regard this utterance as being eloquent and impressive to a degree hardly equaled by any other human expression of which history contains a record.



OLD VALENTINE HOMESTEAD.
(Where General Washington prayed.)

The Valentine homestead was surrounded by 238 acres on Valentine's Hill, which is midway between Yonkers and Mount Vernon, but in the precincts of the former. An iron door-knocker was on the front door when Washington approached and knocked for admission.

The Valentine family were tenants of Frederick Phillipse. They purchased, in 1785, their farm of 238 acres from the Commissioners of Forfeiture under the act of confiscation. The farm commands an extensive view in every direction. During the Revolution the British built Prince Charles Redoubt and Negro Fort on the east side of Valentine's Hill.

Lossing, in his history, says that "on the 16th of September, 1782, British foragers with a covering party 5000 or 6000 strong, accompanied by Sir Guy Carleton and the Young Prince William Henry, made an incursion as far as Valentine's Hill.

First Celebration of Washington's Day.

Probably few people of the millions who celebrate Washington's Day are aware that the first public observances of it used to be on the 11th of February. The Gregorian calendar took effect in Great Britain and her colonies in 1752, but it was customary for a generation and more after that date to continue without change the celebration of birthdays occurring previous to it. Indeed, the stone placed at Washington's birthplace, as late as 1815, contained the words: "Here the 11th of February, 1732, George Washington was born;" nor was there any reference to the difference between old style and new style.

The first recorded celebration of Washington's Birthday, we believe, was the one at Richmond, February 11, 1782, a few months after the great and decisive victory at Yorktown. The next year the day was commemorated in Maryland, and the year after in New York. All these celebrations occurred as a matter of course and without question on the 11th of February. The change to the 22d was made for the first time, it is said, in 1793, in this city. Thereafter the 22d regularly took the place of the former date. Of course the first celebrations were in a measure informal, somewhat resembling, perhaps, those of Lincoln's Birthday now, and largely conducted, indeed, by Washington's military and other associates, or by the communities in which he happened to be. When he became President, the celebrations were rather more marked, and were looked upon unfavorably by some of his opponents as being a relic of monarchical observances. But after his death the custom of honoring the day grew until at length statutes widened the observance, and now we see it the public holiday which attracts the attention of the world.—New York Sun.

Early Christening of Washingtons.

Has the following entry in the parish register of Chislehurst ever been published, and how does it fit in with the ascertained facts of the Washington pedigree?

"1614. Laurence, sonne of Laurence Washington & Anneh is wife was christened on ye 24th daie of July in the place at Modingham, generosi."

Modingham, now Mottingham is a hamlet between Chislehurst and Eltham, and according to Hasted's "History of Kent." 8vo edition., Vol. I., (1797.) page 480, Mottingham Place belonged to the Stoddard family through the whole of the seventeenth century.—Notes and Queries.

Washington's Face in a Living Rock.

Carved by nature in the rough stone of Marblehead Neck the calm face of George Washington gazes out over the waste of waters. In that quiet, secluded corner of Massachusetts, says the New York Press, this remarkable monument remained for ages undiscovered until Albert Chapman, of Marblehead, cropped the bushes and weeds which grew about its base in rank luxuriance, disclosing the stone features which bear a most striking resemblance to the Father of His Country.

Some call it the "Old Man of the Sea," but the majority of Marblehead citizens trace in its lines and curves a counterfeit of the loved face of the first President. Mr. Chapman is undoubtedly the discoverer of this strange sculpture of nature, as "the oldest inhabitant" fails to recall ever having heard of it.

THE GEORGE WASHINGTON ROCK.

The face is formed by three rocks, one forming the forehead, one the chin and the other the nose. The face rests upon a slightly elevated knoll, at an angle, as if the great General in effigy were taking his repose and languidly gazing out to sea.

The George Washington stone will henceforth be one of the many objects of patriotic pilgrimage on the coast of the Bay State.

The Man Who "Never Slopped Over."

Not a political seer like Jefferson, nor a great philosopher like Franklin, Washington was pre-eminently the good citizen, always equal to the demands of his duty and always ready to make the sacrifices it required of him.

He represented the highest type of the character resulting from careful home-breeding as distinct from that produced by education in letters or by travel. The education of the home made him the most thoroughly self-mastered man among his contemporaries and a patriot of patriots. It is a well authenticated fact that he was of a sensitive, nervous organization—what was called in an old-fashioned way "high strung"—but he had his naturally hot temper under such thorough control that the impression he produced was one of extreme mildness.

The American humorist who said of him that he "never slopped over" condensed his character in a phrase not the less strikingly true because of the element of the ludicrous in it. —New York World.

The 22d of February.

The 22d of February has rightfully become immortalized in our calendar of time. The birth of the illustrious Washington is the focal point from which we date our American history. His coming was the auspicious beginning of that grand National life, which is now recognized the world over, as the pride and glory of all intelligent manhood. We do well in honoring the name and memory of the "Father of His Country."

An Old Title.

The sobrique, "Father of His Country," was first applied to Marius, the Roman officer who, B. C. 102 and 101, won signal victories over the northern barbarians. Marius declined the honor, but the name was afterward given to Cicero, then to several more or less worthy Roman emperors, and finally to Washington.

REAR ADMIRALS OF THE UNITED STATES NAVY

ACTIVITY IN THE NAVY.

Placing Our Ships On as Complete a War Footing as Possible.

A COAST DEFENSE SQUADRON.

Strong Fleets for Both Atlantic and Pacific Coasts to Be Put Into Active Service at Once---New and Formidable Monitor Terror to Be Ready by March 1---Admiral Walker to Command a Squadron.

NEW YORK, February 12.—Naval officers on duty in this city and Brooklyn, declare that it is the intention of the Government to place the Navy on as complete a war footing as is possible in time of peace, and demonstrate what the United States can do in the way of commissioning, not a flying squadron, for which they say the United States has no need at this time, but a coast defense fleet to guard our shores, both on the Pacific and the Atlantic.

Commodore Montgomery Sicard, Commandant of the Brooklyn Navy Yard, got orders to have the new monitor Terror ready to go in commission March 1. The ship has been under construction for years, and it will tax the capacity of the yard to finish her in time. The orders are, however, imperative.

The coast defense squadron which the Government is about to place in commission will be composed of the new ram Katahdin,

COMMANDANT SICARD.
(Ordered to have the new monitor Terror ready at the Brooklyn Navy Yard March 1.)

now at Brooklyn Navy Yard; the double-turreted monitor Terror, also at this station; the double-turreted Miantonomoh, which is to be pulled out of the mud at League Island Navy Yard, near Philadelphia, and recommissioned; the new monitor Monadnock, sister ship of the Terror, nearing completion at the Mare Island Navy Yard, near San Francisco.

All these ships are to be put in active service and furnished with officers and crews within the next three weeks. The other ships of this iron-clad squadron, already in commission, are to be the first-class battleship Indiana, the second-class battleship Maine, now at Hampton Roads, and the double-turreted monitor Amphitrite, now at Key West.

An officer at the Navy Yard, who had recently returned from a visit to Washington, told of the plan of the Administration as he had heard it at the Navy Department.

"It is the intention," said the officer, "to place every available ship of the Navy in commission as soon as possible. The United States has not as big a reserve list of ships to draw on as Great Britain has, but enough ships can be placed in commission to make a good showing and demonstrate that the Nation is not so defenseless as might be imagined by all the talk whenever there is a war scare.

"I heard it said in Washington that one of the Admirals of the service, presumably Rear-Admiral John G. Walker, was to be assigned to the command of the fleet of ironclads on the North Atlantic, which is to be known as the Home Guard Squadron, or something of that kind.

"The regular cruising squadron, of which the New York is the flagship, would then be free to sail about from port to port from Halifax to Port-of-Spain, as its commander pleased or the necessity of protecting American citizens or property might make necessary."

The Terror will be a formidable ship. She is of the class of double-turreted coast defense monitors, with sides armor-plated their entire length. The side-plating is seven inches thick and is of the best Harveyized nickel steel. It extends from the deck twenty-seven inches above the water line downward six feet, protecting not only the machinery and magazines, but the living quarters of officers and men.

PARLIAMENT IS PACIFIC.

England's Queen Intimates a Peaceful Settlement With Venezuela.

ROSEBERY ATTACKS SALISBURY.

Balfour Denies That There Was the Slightest Intention to Violate the Substance of the Monroe Doctrine---Direct Adjustment of the Boundary Question Assured ---Harcourt's Friendly Speech.

The regular session of the British Parliament was opened at London. At 2 o'clock the Royal Commission entered the House of Lords, and at that hour the House of Commons was summoned. The members of the House of Commons, headed by the Speaker, at once poroceeded to the House of Lords, and after they had assembled at the bar of the House the speech from the throne was read by the Lord High Chancellor, Lord Halsbury.

In reference to the Venezuelan, the Armenian and the Transvaal questions the Queen's address said: The Government of the United States of America has expressed a wish to co-operate in the termination of the differences which have existed for many years between my Government and the Republic of Venezuela upon the question of the boundary between that country and the colony of British Guiana. I have expressed my sympathy with the desire to come to an equitable arrrangement, and trust that further negotiations will lead to a satisfactory settlement.

The Sultan of Turkey has sanctioned the principal reforms in the government of the Armenian provinces for which, jointly with the Emperor of Russia and the President of the French Republic, I have felt it to be my duty to press. I deeply regret the fanatical outbreak on the part of a section of the Turkish population, which has resulted in a series of massacres which have caused the deepest indignation in this country.

A sudden incursion into the South African Republic by an armed force from the territory under the control of the British South Africa Company resulted in a deplorable collision with the Burgher forces. My Ministers, at the earliest possible moment, intervened to prohibit, through the Governor, this hostile action and to warn all my subjects in South Africa against taking part in it. The origin and circumstances of these proceedings will be made the subject of a searching inquiry. The President of the South African Republic, acting in this matter with moderation and wisdom, has agreed to place the prisoners in the hands of my Governor, and I have undertaken to bring to trial the leaders of the expedition. The conduct of the President of the South African Republic upon this occasion and the assurances which he has voluntarily given lead me to believe that he recognizes the importance of redressing the legitimate grievances of which complaint has been made by a majority of the persons inhabiting the Transvaal.

The debate in both Houses was confined almost exclusively to the grave disturbances in the country's foreign relations.

The dispute with the United States over the Venezuela boundary had a prominent place in the debate, and Lord Salisbury explained the reason for the intimation in the Queen's speech that a settlement, probably, would soon be reached. The great obstacle to the adjustment of the trouble, which had been created by Venezuela's breaking off negotiations, had, he said, been removed. Direct negotiations are about to be resumed, and, as Lord Salisbury expressed it, "with a prospect of ultimate settlement."

Lord Rosebery vigorously attacked Lord Salisbury's policy, but every speech breathed confident hope that the Venezuela dispute will end happily. Mr. Balfour said our Government had asked for all the information England could give to help our Commission, and it was announced that it would be forthcoming. Salisbury, Rosebery, Harcourt and Balfour, all had the kindest words for the Monroe doctrine and arbitration. Sir William V. Harcourt claimed that there can be no possible objection to referring the Venezuelan boundary question to a third Power for arbitration, and he was greeted with cheers. Balfour declared that the Government will not be prevented by diplomatic punctilios or false pride from trying to effect a settlement, and will help the American Commission with all the information at its disposal.

Daring Bank Robbery.

Robbers effected an entrance into the Leesburg (Ohio) Bank safe by the use of explosives. The vault door was first blown open and then the burglar proof safe was blown to pieces. All the money, amounting to about $6000, was taken.

Shot His Wife's Parents and Self.

At Newton, Iowa, Charles Phares, a barber, shot and killed his mother-in-law, Mrs. R. T. Smith, fatally shot his father-in-law, and then put a bullet into his own brain, dying instantly. He was out of work and despondent.

REV. DR. TALMAGE.

SUNDAY'S DISCOURSE BY THE NOTED DIVINE.

Subject: "Bringing in the Sheaves."

TEXT, "Put ye in the sickle, for the harvest is ripe."—Joel iii., 13.

The sword has been poetized, and the world has celebrated the sword of Bolivar, the sword of Cortes and the sword of Lafayette. The pen has been properly eulogized, and the world has celebrated the pen of Addison, the pen of Southey and the pen of Irving. The painter's pencil has been honored, and the world has celebrated the pencil of Murillo, the pencil of Rubens and the pencil of Bierstadt. The sculptor's chisel has come in for high encomium, and the world has celebrated Chantrey's chisel and Crawford's chisel and Greenough's chisel. But there is one instrument about which I sing the first canto that was ever sung—the sickle, the sickle of the Bible, the sickle that has reaped the harvest of many centuries. Sharp and bent into a semicircle and glittering, this reaping hook, no longer than your arm, has furnished the bread for thousands of years. Its success has produced the wealth of Nations. It has had more to do with the world's progress than sword and pen and pencil and chisel all put together. Christ puts the sickle into exquisite sermonic simile, and you see that instrument flash all up and down the Apocalypse as St. John swings it, while through Joel in my text God commands the people, as through His servants now He commands them, "Put ye in the sickle, for the harvest is ripe."

Last November there was great rejoicing all over the land. With trumpet and cornet and organ and thousand voiced psalm we praised the Lord for the temporal harvests. We praised God for the wheat, the rye, the oats, the cotton, the rice, all the fruits of the orchard and all the grains of the field, and the Nation never does a better thing than when in the autumn it gathers to festivity and thanks God for the greatness of the harvest. But I come to-day to speak to you of richer harvests, even the spiritual. How shall we estimate the value of a man? We say he is worth so many dollars, or he has achieved such and such a position, but we know very well there are some men at the top of the ladder who ought to be at the bottom and some at the bottom who ought to be at the top, and the only way to estimate a man is by his soul. We all know that we shall live forever. Death cannot kill us. Other crafts may be drawn into the whirlpool or shivered on the rocks, but the life within us will weather all storms and drop no anchor, and 10,000,000 years after death will shake out signals on the high seas of eternity. You put the mendicant off your doorstep and say he is only a beggar, but he is worth all the gold of the mountains, worth all the pearls of the sea, worth the solid earth, worth sun and moon and stars, worth the entire material universe. Take all the paper that ever came from the paper mills and put it side by side and sheet by sheet, and let men with fleetest pens make figures on that paper for 10,000 years, and they will only have begun to express the value of the soul. Suppose I owned Colorado and Nevada and Australia, of how much value would they be to me one moment after I departed this life? How much of Philadelphia does Stephen Girard own to-day? How much of Boston property does Abbott Lawrence own to-day? The man who to-day hath a dollar in his pocket hath more worldly estate than the millionaire who died last year. How do you suppose I feel, standing here surrounded by a multitude of souls each one worth more than the material universe?

Oh, was I not right in saying this spiritual harvest is richer than the temporal harvest? I must tighten the girdle, I must sharpen the sickle, I must be careful how I swing the instrument for gathering the grain, lest one stalk be lost. One of the most powerful sickles for reaping this spiritual harvest is the preaching of the gospel. If the sickle have a rosewood handle, and it be adorned with precious stones, and yet it cannot bring down the grain, it is not much of a sickle, and preaching amounts to nothing unless it harvests souls for God. Shall we preach philosophy? The Ralph Waldo Emersons could beat us at that. Shall we preach science? The Agassizes could beat us at that. The minister of Jesus Christ with weakest arm going forth in earnest prayer, and wielding this sickle of the gospel, shall find the harvest all around him waiting for the angel sheaf binders. Oh, this harvest of souls! I notice in the fields that the farmer did not stand upright when he gathered the grain. I noticed he had to stoop to his work, and I noticed in order to bind the sheaves the better he had to put his knee upon them. And as we go forth in this work for God we cannot stand upright in our rhetoric and our metaphysics and our erudition. We have to stoop to our work. Aye, we have to put our knee to it or we will never gather sheaves for the Lord's garner. Peter swung that sickle on the day of Pentecost, and 3000 sheaves came in. Richard Baxter swung that sickle at Kidderminster, and McCheyne at Dundee, and vast multitudes came into the kingdom of our God.

Oh, this is a mighty gospel! It captured not only John the lamb, but Paul the lion. Men may gnash their teeth at it, and clinch their fists, but it is the power of God and the wisdom of God unto salvation. But, alas, if it is only preached in pulpits and on Sabbath days! We must go forth into our stores, our shops, our banking houses, our factories and the streets, and everywhere preach Christ. We stand in our pulpits for two hours on the Sabbath and commend Christ to the people, but there are 168 hours in the week, and what are the two hours on the Sabbath against the 166? Oh, there comes down the ordination of God this day upon all the people, men who toil with head and hand and foot—the ordination comes upon all merchants, upon all mechanics, upon all toilers, and God says to you as He says to me: "Go, teach all Nations. He that believeth and is baptized shall be saved, and he that believeth not shall be damned." Mighty gospel, let the whole earth hear it! The story of Christ is to regenerate the Nations, it is to eradicate all wrong, it is to turn the earth into paradise. An old artist painted the "Lord's Supper," and he wanted the chief attention directed to the face of Christ. When he invited his friends in to criticise the picture, they admired the chalices more than they did the face, and the old artist said, "This picture is a failure," and he dashed out the picture of the cups, and said: "I shall have nothing to detract from the face of the Lord. Christ is the all of this picture."

Another powerful sickle for the reaping of this harvest is Christian song. I know in many churches the whole work is delegated to a few people standing in the organ loft. But, my friends, as others cannot repent for us and others cannot die for us, we cannot delegate to others the work of singing for us. While a few drilled artists shall take the chants and execute the more skillful music, when the hymn is given out let there be hundreds and thousands of voices uniting in the acclamation. On the way to grandeurs that never cease and glories that never die let us sing. At the battle of Lutzen a general came to the king and said: "Those soldiers are singing as they are going into battle. Shall I stop them?" "No," said the king, "men that can sing like that can fight." Oh, the power of Christian song! When I argue here, you may argue back. The argument you make against religion may be more skillful than the argument I make in behalf of religion. But who can stand before the pathos of some uplifted song like that which we sometimes sing:

> Show pity, Lord; O Lord, forgive!
> Let a repenting rebel live!
> Are not Thy mercies large and free?
> May not a sinner trust in Thee?

Another mighty sickle for the reaping of the gospel harvest is prayer. What does God do with our prayers? Does He go on the battlements of heaven and throw them off? No. What do you do with gifts given you by those who love you very much? You keep them with great sacredness. And do you suppose God will take our prayers offered in the sincerity and love of our hearts, and scatter them to the winds? Oh, no! He will answer them all in some way. Oh, what a mighty thing prayer is! It is not a long rigmarole of "ohs" and "ahs" and "forever and ever, amens." It is a breathing of the heart into the heart of God. Oh, what a mighty thing prayer is! Elijah with it reached up to the clouds and shook down the showers. With it John Knox shook Scotland. With it Martin Luther shook the earth. And when Philipp Melanchthon lay sick unto death, as many supposed, Martin Luther came in and said, "Philipp, we can't spare you!" "Oh," said he, "Martin, you must let me go. I am tired of persecution and tired of life. I want to go to be with my God." "No," said Martin Luther, "you shall not go; you must take this food, and then I will pray for you." "No, Martin," said Melanchthon, "you must let me go." Martin Luther said, "You take this food or I will excommunicate you." He took the food, and Martin Luther knelt down and prayed as only he could pray, and convalescence came, and Martin Luther went back and said to his friends, "God has saved the life of Philipp Melanchthon in direct answer to my prayer." Oh, the power of prayer! Have you tested it?

Dr. Prime, of New York, in his beautiful book entitled "Around the World," described a mausoleum in India which it took 20,000 men twenty-two years to build—that and the buildings surrounding—and he says: "Standing in that mausoleum and uttering a word, it is echoed back from a height of 150 feet; not an ordinary echo, but a prolonged music, as though there were angels hovering in the air." And every word of earnest prayer we utter has an echo, not from the marble cupola of an earthly mausoleum, but from the heart of God and from the wings of angels as they hover, crying, "Behold, he prays!" Oh, test it? Mighty sickle for reaping this gospel harvest, the sickle of prayer!

It does not make so much difference about the posture you take, whether you sit, stand or kneel, or lie on your face, or in your physical agonies lie on your back. It does not make any difference about the physical posture, as was shown in a hospital, when the chaplain said as he looked over the beds of the suffering: "Let all those wounded men here who would like to be prayed for lift the hand! Some lifted two hands, others lifted one hand; some with hands amputated could only lift the stump of the arm. One man, both his arms amputated, could give no signal except to say, "Me! Me!" Oh, it does not make any difference about the rhetoric of your prayers; it does not make any difference about the posture; it does not make any difference whether you can lift a hand or have no hand to lift. God is ready to hear you. Prayer is answered. God is waiting to respond.

"Lift up your eyes upon the fields, for they are white already to harvest!" How many have you reaped for God? Do you ask me how many I have reaped for God? I cannot say. Now can you say how many you have reaped? I hope there are some who have been brought into the kingdom of God through your instrumentality. Have there not been? Not one? You, a man thirty-five, forty, fifty years of age and not one? I see souls coming up to glory. Here is a Sunday-school teacher bringing ten or fifteen souls. Here is a tract distributer bringing in forty or fifty souls. Here is a man you never heard of who has been very useful in bringing souls to God. He comes with 150 souls. They are the sheaves of his harvest. How many have you brought? Not one—can it be? What will God say? What will the angels say? Better crouch down in some corner of heaven and never show yourself. Oh, that harvest is to be reaped now! And that is this instant! Why not be reaped for God this hour?

"Oh," says some man, "I have been going on the wrong road for thirty, or forty or fifty years. I have gone through the whole catalogue of crime and must first get myself fixed up." Ah, you will never get yourself fixed up until Christ takes you in charge. You get worse and worse until He comes to the rescue. "Not the righteous—sinners, Jesus came to call." So, you see, I take the very worst case there is. If there is a man here who feels he is all right in heart and life, I am not talking to him, for he is probably a hypocrite. I will talk to him some other time. But if there is a man who feels himself all wrong, to him I address myself. Though you be wounded in the hands and wounded in the feet and wounded in the head and wounded in the heart, and though the gangrene of eternal death be upon you, one drop of the elixir of divine life will cure your soul. Though you be soaked in evil indulgences, though your feet have gone in unclean places, though you have companioned with the abandoned and the lost, one touch of divine grace will save your soul.

I do not say that you will not have struggles after that. Oh, no! But they will be a different kind of struggle. You go into that battle and all hell is against you, and you are alone, and you fight and you fight, weaker and weaker, until at last you fall and the powers of darkness trample on your soul. But in the other case you go into the battle and fight stronger and stronger and stronger, until the evil propensity goes down and you get the victory through our Lord Jesus Christ. Oh, come out of your sins! Have you not been bruised with sin long enough? Have you not carried that load long enough? Have you not fought that battle long enough?

I rattle the gates of your sepulcher to-day. I take the trumpet of the gospel and blow the long, loud blast. Roland went into battle. Charlemagne's army had been driven back by the three armies of the Saracens, and Roland, in almost despair, took up the trumpet and blew three blasts in one of the mountain passes, and under the power of those three blast the Saracens recoiled and fled in terror. But history says that when he had blown third blast, Roland's trumpet broke.

I take this trumpet of the gospel and blow the first blast, "Whosoever will." I blow the second blast, "Seek ye the Lord while He may be found." I blow the third blast," "Now is the accepted time." But the trumpet does not break; it was handed down by our forefathers to us, and we will hand it down to our children, that after we are dead they may blow the trumpet, telling the world that we have a pardoning God, a loving God, a sympathetic God, and that more to Him than the throne on which He sits is the joy of seeing a prodigal put his finger on the latch of His Father's house.

I invite any one the most infidel, any one the most atheistic. I invite him into the kingdom of God with just as much heartiness as those who have for fifty years been under the teaching of the gospel and believed it all. When I was living in Philadelphia, a gentleman told me of a scene in which he was a participant. In Callowhill street, in Philadelphia, there had been a powerful meeting going on for some time, and many were converted, and among others one of the prominent members of the worst club house in that city. The next night the leader of that club house, the president of it, resolved that he would endeavor to get his comrade away. He came to the door, before he entered he heard a Christian song, and under its power his soul was agitated. He went in and asked for prayer. Before he came out he was a subject of converting mercy. The next night another comrade went to reclaim the two who had been lost to their sinful circle. He went, and under the power of the Holy Ghost became a changed man, and the work went on! they were all saved and the infamous clubhouse disbanded. Oh, it is a mighty gospel! Though you came here a child of sin, you can go away a child of grace, you can go away singing:

> Amazing grace, how sweet the sound
> That saved a wretch like me!
> I once was lost, but now am found—
> Was blind, but now I see.

Oh, give up your sins! Most of your life is already gone. Your children are going on the same wrong road. Why do you not stop? "This day is salvation come to thy house." Why not this moment look up into the face of Christ and say:

> Just as I am, without one plea
> But that Thy blood was shed for me,
> And that Thou bid'st me come to Thee—
> O Lamb of God, I come, I come.

God is going to save you. You are going to be among the shining ones. After the toils of life are over, you are going up to the everlasting rest, you are going up to join your loved ones, departed parents and departed children. "Oh, my God," says some man, "how can I come to Thee? I am so far off. Who will help me, I am so weak? It seems such a great undertaking." Oh, my brother, it is a great undertaking! It is so great you cannot accomplish it, but Christ can do the work. He will correct your heart and He will correct your life. "Oh," you say, "I will stop profanity." That will not save you. "Oh," you say, "I will stop Sabbath breaking." That will not save you. There is only one door into the kingdom of God, and that is faith; only one ship that sails for heaven, and that is faith. Faith the first step, the second step, the hundredth step, the thousandth step, the last step. By faith we enter the kingdom. By faith we keep in. In faith we die. Heaven a reward of faith. The earthquake shook down the Philippian dungeon. The jailer said, "What shall I do?" Some of you would say, "Better get out of the place before the walls crush you." What did the apostle say? "Believe on the Lord Jesus Christ and thou shalt be saved." "Ah," you say, 'there's the rub." What is faith? Suppose you were thirsty, and I offered you this glass of water, and you believed I meant to give it to you, and you came up and took it. You exercise faith. You believe I mean to keep my promise. Christ offers you the water of everlasting life. You take it. That is faith.

Enter into the kingdom of God. Enter now. The door of life is set wide open. I plead with you by the bloody sweat of Gethsemane and the death groan of Golgotha, by cross and crown, by Pilate's courtroom and Joseph's sepulcher, by harps and chains, by kingdoms of light and realms, by kingdoms of light and realms of darkness, by the trumpet of the archangel that shall wake the dead, and by the throne of the Lord God Almighty and the Lamb, that you attend now to the things of eternity. Oh, what a sad thing it will be if, having come so near heaven, we miss it! Oh, to have come within sight of the shining pinnacles of the city and not have entered! Oh, to have been so near we have seen the mighty throng enter, and we not joining them! Angels of God, fly this way! Good news for you; tell the story among the redeemed on high! If there be one there especially longing for our salvation, let that one know it now. We put down our sorrows. Glory be to God for such a hope, for such a pardon, for such a joy, for such a heaven, for such a Christ!

A GREAT DISCOVERY.

The Eye Enabled to See Through Anything That the Roentgen Rays Can Pierce.

A most remarkable discovery has been made, according to a dispatch from Rome, Italy, in connection with the investigation of Professor Roentgen's new force in photography. Professor Salvioni, of Perugia, read a paper before the Rome Medical Academy, in which he describes an optical instrument of his invention which enables the human eye, by means of the Roentgen rays, to see through anything which those rays can penetrate. It is said that Professor Salvioni produced his wonderful invention, and by its means physicians present were enabled to see the contents of a closed aluminum box.

Unfortunately no explanation is given of the means used to make the hitherto invisible rays perceptible by man's optic nerve.

A London photographer has found that a convenient substitute for Crooke's tube is an ordinary incandescent electric lamp, in which the filament has been broken. This improvised Crooke's tube and an ordinary house to house electric light current will enable any photographer to make Roentgen photographs on a small scale.

MUTINEER SHOT.

Mate Schultz of the Ship Roanoke Made Good Use of a Rifle.

Seamen of the ship Roanoke, in port at Philadelphia, say that when the Roanoke arrived at Rio de Janeiro, Brazil, in October, sixteen men were sent to the hospital. When a fresh crew was placed aboard the men objected to First Mate Schultz, because he was German. For two days they lounged around the ship jeering at the officer's orders. On the second night they raided the cargo of liquor in the hold. Gallon after gallon was drunk, and then a fight with knives ensued among the drunken mutineers. Two received ugly wounds and were in a precarious condition when they were afterward taken ashore.

The mutineers began to plot against the mate. They secured a rope, made a noose, and started aft in a body. The mate dashed into the cabin, and, reappearing with a rifle, ordered the men back. Several obeyed, but Seaman O'Hara, at the head of the rest, stepped to the front, and, bearing his breast, dared the mate to shoot. Schultz took aim and fired. The sailor fell mortally wounded. Captain Hamilton raised the flag with the Union Jack down. This brought the police off shore. The mutineers were put in chains and conveyed to jail.

Kentucky Chivalry.

"In honor of a young lady visiting the town" a very successful dog fight was given in Swampdale, Ky., the other day, according to a local paper.

He Saw His Shadow.

"Groundhog Day" this year was bright and warm, and the old-time prophets say that it means a late spring, with plenty of bad weather to come soon.

Kalamazoo's New Industry.

Kalamazoo, Mich., has a new industry—the slaughter of horses for their hides.

SABBATH SCHOOL.

INTERNATIONAL LESSON FOR FEBRUARY 23.

Lesson Text: "Faith Encouraged," Luke viii., 43-55—Golden Text: Luke viii., 48—Commentary.

43. "A woman had spent all her living upon physicians, neither could be healed of any." Another helpless case, an opportunity for the Lord to work. It is still true that we are slow to come to the Lord until we have come to the end of ourselves. Oh, that the Lord would bring us quickly to see our nothingness and the vanity of all earthly things, that we might find in Him our all. He is still, in His word, showing "the glad tidings of the kingdom of God" (verse 1) that He may allure us to Himself, but because so many will not read.

44. "Immediately her issue of blood stanched." The life of the flesh is in the blood (Lev. xvii., 11), and for twelve years her life had been ebbing away. The story of the little girl of our lesson is that of twelve years' development of life suddenly cut off, and just as suddenly restored by the same Jesus, who healed the life that was ebbing away. Mere natural life, whether steadily developed or steadily frittered away, is nothing until it is touched by Jesus, who is the life. He was crucified at "the place of a skull," and all that is on the earth of human greatness or glory is as empty as a skull, apart from the cross of Christ.

45. "And Jesus said, Who touched Me?" The woman had heard of Jesus, perhaps was acquainted with someone who had been healed by Him, and by their testimony was encouraged to believe that if she could but touch the hem of His garment she would be whole. Faith cometh by hearing and hearing by the word of God (Rom. x., 17), so if we would strengthen others and increase their faith we must communicate that which God has done for us and through us to His glory (Phil. vi.).

46. "I perceive that virtue is gone out of Me." Thus spake Jesus in answer to the disciples' statement that the multitude thronged Him. As He preached to the household the power of the Lord was present to heal (Luke v., 18), but we read of no one being healed except the one who came through the roof. So in this case power went from Him to only this one poor woman. As He sat at another time over against the treasury His heart went out more to one poor woman than to all the others. Not all who go to church or read the Bible are blessed, but only those whose hearts go out to Him in conscions need or worship.

47. "She declared unto Him before all the people for what cause she had touched Him and how she was healed immediately." It seemed hard for this poor, timid, trembling woman thus to testify before all the people, but observe that she did it "unto Him," and it was in gratitude for blessing received. Unto Him is the key to all service, and when thus we serve we do not mind the people, whether few or many.

48. "Daughter, be of good comfort. Thy faith hath made thee whole. Go in peace." Surely it was worth while to confess Him publicly in order to receive this gracious word from His own lips right to her heart. If those who feel very weak and timid only would declare unto Him before the people, what a blessing they might receive! As far as is recorded she is the only woman He ever addressed as "daughter." Think how the words "good cheer," "made whole," "go in peace," would keep coming to her in all her after life—His words to her soul.

49. "Thy daughter is dead. Trouble not the Master." The incident we have just been studying occurred while Jesus was on His way to the house of Jairus to heal his little girl, who seemed to be dying when Jairus left the house to go for Jesus (verse 41, 42). Put yourself in the place of Jairus and imagine his heart, as every moment seemed an hour that Jesus tarried in order to speak to the poor woman. Then think of the agony of soul as this message comes.

50. "Fear not. Believe only, and she shall be made whole." Ere the father has time to say, or perhaps even think, "Oh, if He had only come without delaying!" these gracious words fall from Jesus's lips. In Mark v., 36, it is, "Be not afraid, only believe."

51. "He suffered no man to go in save Peter and James and John and the father and the mother of the maiden." That would make just seven, with the little girl, seven altogether, the perfect number. On two other occasions these three disciples were the favored ones. Why, we shall know some day. If we are willing to be His choice ones, "set apart for Himself," "a people for His own posssession" (Ps. iv., 3; Titus ii., 14, R. V.) I do not know why we may not.

52. "Weep not. She is not dead, but sleepeth." Thus He spake as they all wept and bewailed her. In the case of Lazarus He called death a sleep (John xi., 11-14). The body sleeps, but as to the spirit, the person, the word is, "Absent from the body; present with the Lord." "Departed to be with Christ" (Phil. i., 21, 23; II Cor. v., 9). For the Christian who lives for Christ, to die is gain.

53. "And they laughed Him to scorn, knowing that she was dead." They had only natural sight. They believed what they saw, and seeing is believing with the natural man. But to the spiritual man, believing is seeing. "Said I not unto thee that if thou wouldest believe thou shouldest see?" "Blessed are they that have not seen, yet have believed" (John xi., 40; xx., 29). The believer is to believe God rather than his own eyes or feelings or thoughts or anything. No matter how things look we are ever to say, "I believe God that it shall be even as it was told me" (Acts xxvii., 25), Abraham considered not his own body nor thoughts nor feelings, but just believed that God was able to keep His promises, and it was not for Abraham to ask how.

54. "And He put them all out and took her by the hand and called, saying, Maid, arise." The weeping, wailing unbelieving ones may not be permitted to see His power. Only faith can see, and unbelief hinders. Therefore it must depart. Weeping Mary could not recognize Him on the resurreciion morning. Neither could the unbelieving two who walked to Emmaus.

55. "And her spirit came again, and she arose staaightway, and He commanded to give her meat." Some of the resurrection thoughts that fit in here will be found in the last lesson in connection with the widow's son. I often wonder how this earth and things of earth would appear to one who had seen the realities of the heavenly land, even though but for an hour. We are to live in some measure as such, for we are dead with Christ, and, risen with Christ, are to have our affections set on things above and live as strangers here.—Lesson Helper

Disastrous Mining Month.

The month of January, 1896, with but one exception, was the most disastrous in and around the mines of the Seventh Anthracite District in Pennsylvania ever recorded. During that period sixteen employes were killed by accident, sixteen others received serious injuries, and there were no less than sixty minor accidents. The number of lives lost was as great as usually occurs in four full working months of average years.

THE NEWS EPITOMIZED.

Washington Items.

Several irresponsible bond bidders who failed to deposit the twenty per cent. instalment required have forfeited their bonds, among them being William Graves, of New York City, who bid for $4,850,000 at $115. The bonds will be allotted to the next highest bidders.

A communication was received at the House from Secretary Morton requesting the allowance of a "director-in-chief of scientific bureaus and investigations," with a salary of $6000 per year.

The Speaker laid before the House a communication from Secretary Herbert, requesting an appropriation of $50,000 to enable the Navy Department to test methods of throwing high explosives from guns on board ship with ordinary velocities.

Pom Kwan Soh, the new Korean Envoy Extraordinary, accompanied by his secretary, Bong Sun Pak, arrived in Washington forty-seven days after leaving Seoul.

John, alias "Patsy" Harris, was hanged in the jail at Washington for the murder of Matthew Spruell, in Georgetown on July 4, 1895. Both men were colored.

Secretary of the Navy Herbert stated to the House Naval Committee that this country could construct her vessels cheaper and better than any other country, except Great Britain.

The National Poultry and Pigeon Association exhibition opened its doors at the Central Market Hall. There is a large collection of fowls of every description.

At their regular weekly meeting the members of the Venezuelan Commission expressed themselves as highly gratified with assurances that Great Britain would submit its evidence for consideration.

The President and Mrs. Cleveland entertained at a reception to the public at the White House from nine to eleven, assisted by the ladies of the Cabinet.

Edwin F. Uhl has qualified as Ambassador of the United States to Germany, and vacated the office of Assistant Secretary of State. William Hayward, his private secretary, administered the oath of office.

In commemoration of the 150th anniversary of the birth of the Polish patriot Kosciusko his statue in the Capitol was appropriately decorated with wreaths and flowers.

Senator Quay, of Pennsylvania, announced in Washington his candidacy for the Republican nomination for President.

A bill to make Lincoln's Birthday a National holiday was defeated in the United States Senate by an objection of Mr. Hawley, of Connecticut, who thinks there are too many holidays already.

The Senate passed a bill directing the Secretary of Agriculture to execute the law for the distribution of seeds.

The President has appointed General W. W. Duffield, Superintendent of the Coast and Geodetic Survey, as one of the Commissioners to test the fineness and weight of the coins reserved by the several mints of the United States.

Senator James Smith, of New Jersey, made a speech opposing further action by Congress on the Monroe doctrine.

New York Republicans in the House of Representatives pledged themselves to work for Governor Morton for the Presidency.

Domestic.

Dr. Kolle, of Brooklyn, N. Y., succeeded in getting a shadowgraph of a boy's brain by use of the Roentgen X rays.

"Jerry" Barnett, a New York City pugilist, was arrested, charged with causing the death of Joseph Feinberg by tripping him when he was carrying a keg of beer.

William C. Hughitt, twenty-one years old, son of Marvin Hughitt, President of the Chicago and Northwestern Railroad, was found dead on the floor of his room in the family residence, Chicago, having a bullet wound in his head. He killed himself owing to ill health.

During the absence of Judge W. T. Morrow at Frankfort robbers entered his residence at Shepardsville, Ky., and made off with a box containing notes, bonds and other securities valued at $30,000.

Mrs. E. K. Nicholson, widely known by her nom de plume, "Pearl Rivers," owner of the New Orleans (La.) Picayune, is dead. Her husband, George Nicholson, the business manager, died a week ago.

Minnie Edson, a beautiful girl of Passaic, N. J., was asphyxiated in the house of Andrew Rahe, her sweetheart.

A fatal boiler explosion occurred at J. R. Plummer's sawmill, ten miles southwest of Ashboro, N. C. Three workmen were killed and three fatally wounded.

A boat containing five dead bodies and six living men, members of a fishing party who had deserted a sinking smack, drifted ashore at Carrabelle, Fla.

The New York Yacht Club met for further consideration of Lord Dunraven's case, but adjourned for two weeks.

Allen T. Dodworth, for many years conductor of the celebrated Dodworth Band, of New York, died in Pasadena, Cal., of pneumonia. He was seventy-eight years old, and leaves a widow and two sons.

Both houses of the New York Legislature adjourned in honor of Lincoln Day. Lincoln's Birthday was observed by a general closing of business in the lower part of New York City and appropriate banquets celebrations in many institutions.

The Rev. J. H. Hunycutt, a Baptist minister, has been arrested at Morrillton, Ark., charged with infanticide. His housekeeper's one-year-old baby cried while he was preparing a sermon and the preacher became enraged at the annoyance and choked the child to death.

Northern New York was snowbound, and a high wind was raging on the New England and New Jersey coasts.

The bursting of a water main in Cleveland, Ohio, destroyed several houses and drowned one of the occupants.

The National Assembly of the League of American Wheelmen elected Sterling Elliott President and decided to hold the next annual race meet in Louisville, Ky.

John W. Keely, the inventor of the Keely motor, was run into by a runaway horse at Philadelphia.

The Illinois Steel Company resumed work in its Joliet mills after an idleness of six weeks. Over 2000 men were set to work.

One of the largest diamond seizures ever known in the United States customs service was made at Philadelphia by special agents of the Treasury on board the Red Star steamship Rhynland. A box containing $20,000 worth of valuable gems was taken.

The session of the National Assembly of the League of American Wheelmen began in Baltimore, Md., with a Good Roads Congress.

One thousand tailors, all said to be competent workmen and all willing to work, are starving with their families in the tenements on the "east side," New York City, because the middlemen are determined that the system of "sweating," which was abolished two years ago, shall be restored.

H. Cranston Potter, nephew of Bishop Potter, of New York, was found drowned on the beach near San Francisco, Cal.

Odds and Ends.

Eight big bears were killed recently during one hunt by a party of sportsmen on the Union River, near Machias, Me.

Much of that part of the sunny South comprised in the limits of Virginia were out of sight under five-foot snowdrifts last week.

William Blackman, the oldest resident of Sanoma county, Cal., died at Healdsburg last week, shortly after passing his hundredth birthday.

Van Buren county, Mich., made a record last year of one divorce to every seven marriages. There were thirty-six divorces in the county during the year.

Six head of fair-sized, entirely sound horses were sold in the town of Lakeview, Or., recently for an average of $6.50 each. One of the horses brought only $1.50.

A dog owned by a man in Addison, Mich., walked back home a distance of forty miles recently. Its owner gave it away, but the dog didn't like its new home, and quietly trotted back to its old kennel.

Heavy falls of snow occurred in Washington and British Columbia during the first week of this year. In the region about Kaslo, B. C., seven feet of snow fell in ten days, blocking the railroad and causing the loss of several lives in snowslides.

The championship chump has broken loose in Lexington, Ky. This one is the banana-eating champion, who in a recent match ate 64 bananas against his opponent's 61. At last accounts both contestants were out of bed and getting round again.

Word was recently received in Fall River, Mass., from a bicyclist who started from that place on Sept. 27 last to ride to San Francisco, saying that he arrived at the Golden Gate last week, after covering 4,223 miles on his wheel. He rode across the continent by the Southern route.

Residents of Willapa, Wash., don't have to leave the town, or sometimes the house, to shoot deer at this time of the year. The snow drives the deer down from the hills, and they frequently wander into the streets of the town and are shot. One was shot last week in a back garden.

Girls in North Branch, Mich., have organized a leap-year association, the object of which is "to get all the members married off before the end of the year." The scheme of campaign is yet in process of formation- but it seems to foreshadow great times for the young men of that place.

A floating chapel has just been fitted up at Kuttawa, Ky., to make evangelizing voyages along the Cumberland, Ohio, and Mississippi rivers. The minister, the Rev. Walter Marshall, who was at one time a commercial traveler, will take his family with him and will pay part of his expenses, if not all, he hopes, by doing such work as he can find at the places where he stops. His expenses will be very light.

Some residents of Brandon, Vt., were swindled in a horse trade recently to the extent of more than $2,300. Similar swindles were, it is said, perpetrated in several New England towns. A French coach stallion of reputed finest blood was bought by a stock company for $2,500. The horse was sold last week for $115. The swindlers were exceptionally clever, and backed up their fraud in a way that deceived some pretty smart Yankees.

Kansans with odd names, and the State seems to have a remarkable number of residents so distinguished have a knack of getting places of prominence which their names either fit notably or don't fit at all. A literary society in Kingman county has just elected Mr. Scuffle as its President, an incident suggestive of the Society of the Stanislaus; and the Methodist Church of Council Grove last week selected Mrs. Dumm for organist and Mr. Dumm or superintendent of the Sunday school.

Among a party of negro immigrants bound for Liberia that passed through Little Rock, Ark., a few days ago was a family consisting of a man and his wife and fourteen children. The children ranged in age from 23 years down to 9 months. The head of the family is named Miles Morgan, and he is a man of notable intelligence. He had some $500 with which to pay for the passage of himself and family to the Promised Land, and to start in business with when they get there. He is but 51 years old, and his wife is 49. In the matter of large families the record in Kentucky is held by Mr. and Mrs. Jonathan Roberts of Somerset, who have twenty-five children.

Free Pills.

Send your address to H. E. Bucklen & Co., Chicago, and get a free sample box of Dr. King's New Life Pills. A trial will convince you of their merits. These pills are easy in action and are particularly effective in the cure of constipation and sick headache. For malaria and liver troubles they have been proved invaluable. They are guaranteed to be perfecty free from every deleterious substance and to be purely vegetabe. They do not weaen by their action, but by giving tone to stomach and bowels greatly invigorate the system. Reguar size 25c per box. Sold by B. O'Connor & Sons.

Chamberlain's Eye and Skin Ointment

Is unequalled for Eczema, Tetter, Salt-Rheum, Scald Head, Sore Nipples, Chapped Hands, Itching Piles, Burns, Frost Bites, Chronic Sore Eyes and Granulated Eye Lids. For sale by druggists at 25 cents per box.

TO HORSE OWNERS.

For putting a horse in a fine healthy condition try Dr. Cady's Condition Powders. They tone up the system, aid digestion, cure loss of appetite, relieve constipation, correct kidney disorders and destroy worms, giving new life to an old or over-worked horse. 25 cents per package. For sale by druggists.

The Sun.

The first of American Newspapers, Charles A. Dana, Editor.

The American Constitution, the American Idea, the American Spirit. These first, last, and all the time, forever.

Daily, by mail, - - - - $6 a year.
Daily and Sunday, by mail, - $8 a year.

The Sunday Sun

is the greatest Sunday Newspaper in the world.

Price 5c a copy. By mail, $2 a year.
Address THE SUN, New York.

CHAS. INGWERS,

The Pittsburg Merchant Tailor, has his

Seasonable STYLES

Ready for his customers, who are requested to come and inspect them.

White and Blue Front.

Division St.,
Moun Union,
Penn'a.

OYSTERS!
OYSTERS!

If you want the BEST, either

TUB
or SHELL,

—CALL ON—

GEO. W. FISHER,

417 Penn Street,

Huntingdon, - Pa.

BUSINESS CARDS.

S. P. STUBBS,
—CARPET WEAVER.—
A dealer in all kinds of Carpet Chain and Materials.
Prompt attention to business and satisfaction guaranteed. Charges reasonable.

W. H. WOODS. JAMES S. WOODS, Notary Public.
W. H. & J. S. WOODS,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,
No. 327 Penn Street. HUNTINGDON, PA.

J. R. SIMPSON,
HUNTINGDON, PA.
FIRE AND LIFE INSURANCE,
IN SOLID RELIABLE COMPANIES.
Call at office, or send for circulars.

J. G. SPANGLER, M. D.,
—PHYSICIAN & SURGEON,—
Office on Main Street, near Juniata House.

A. W. SWOPE
—JUSTICE OF THE PEACE.
All business entrusted with him will receive proper attention. Collections made and immediate returns given. Legal writing promptly executed.
Office on Main street.

DR. W. J. CAMPBELL,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
I have access to a horse and buggy at all times for country practice.
Office on Main street.

JOHN C. GARRETT,
JUSTICE OF THE PEACE,
MAPLETON DEPOT, PENN'A.
All business entrusted to his care will receive prompt attention. Special attention will be given to collections. 8-18-95.

New Millinery.

New Hats
New Bonnets
Babys Hats
and Caps.

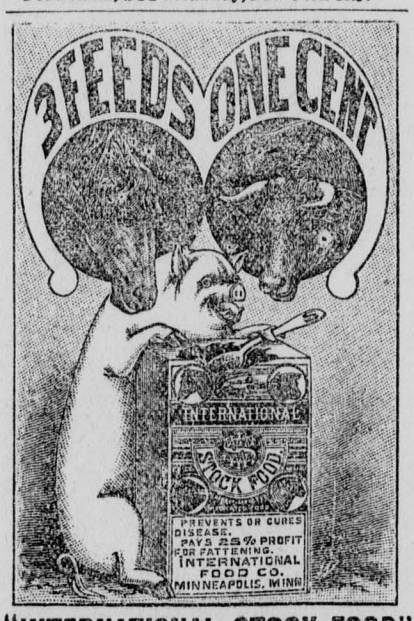
I have a full line of seasonable Millinery,
DRY GOODS,
EMBROIDERIES,
AND LADIES'
AND CHILDREN'S
UNDERWEAR,
ETC., ETC.

Mrs. M. E. Evans,

For information and free Handbook write to MUNN & CO., 361 BROADWAY, NEW YORK. Oldest bureau for securing patents in America. Every patent taken out by us is brought before the public by a notice given free of charge in the

Scientific American

Largest circulation of any scientific paper in the world. Splendidly illustrated. No intelligent man should be without it. Weekly, $3.00 a year; $1.50 six months. Address, MUNN & CO., PUBLISHERS, 361 Broadway, New York City.



"INTERNATIONAL STOCK FOOD"

Insures Rapid Growth and Early Maturity. Save Grain for Horses, Cattle, Sheep and Hogs. Guaranteed to pay feeders 20 to 35 per cent net profit over the usual plan of feeding. Three Full Feeds for One Cent.

Unequaled Hog Cholera Cure and Preventive.

20,000,000 pounds sold on a guarantee. Thousands of breeders testify to its merits. Nothing miraculous claimed, but just good common sense results for intelligent stockmen. Six illustrated stock books free of dealers or mailed by manufacturers. Read them for valuable facts about Hog Cholera and General Stock Raising. Agents wanted. Correspondence solicited by INTERNATIONAL FOOD CO., Minneapolis, Minn.

SOLE OWNERS OF
"INTERNATIONAL STOCK FOOD,"
"INTERNATIONAL POULTRY FOOD,"
"INTERNATIONAL WORM POWDER,"
"SILVER PINE HEALING OIL."

The Greatest Live Stock and Poultry Remedies ever put on the market. Cheapest and most reliable. Sold by 10,000 dealers. Originated by a stock breeder. Price refunded if they do not fulfill our claims in any test.

For sale by J. O. HEATON, Cassville, Pa.

OUR BUSNESS DON'T NEED A TONC

WE carry the finest and most varied stock of Merchandise in Mapleton, and believe in fair dealing between seller and buyer, which explains our success. If you need

Clothing and
Gents' Furnishing Goods

we have a new and complete line. If you want

Dry Goods,
Satines,
Wool Challies,
White Goods, Etc.,

we have them, and very cheap, too.

Our line of Hats is complete. Latest styles in

Men's Stiff Hats,
Soft Hats,
Straw Hats,

too, we have. Every one NEW —just came in.

SHOES, SHOES!

If you can't get the kind you want from us you can't get them in Mapleton.

Come and se.

JNO. G. GILLAM.

Mapleton Depot, - - - Penn'a.

A BONANZA

—AT—

Lynn's Shoe Store.

Ladies' Fine Dongola Dress Shoes $1.10, worth $1.50.

D. S. LYNN,

Huntingdon, Penn'a.

HUNTINGDON PLANING MILL,
FRITCHEY BROS., Proprietors.
—MANUFACTURERS OF—
Sash, Doors, Shutters, Blinds, Frames, Flooring,
SIDING, SAWED AND TURNED BALUSTER, MOULDING,
Porticos, Hardwood Finish, Scroll and Turned Work, and dealers in Bill and Frame Lumber, Southern Yellow Pine and Yellow Poplar, Western White Pine, Shingles, Lath, Pickets, Fencing, etc., in fact everything pertaining to a first-class Mill and Lumber Yard.

Clearance Sale of

Leather Boots.

For a short time we will allow you a discount of 10 per cent. on all Leather Boots, as we wish to make room for our Spring stock. We have

The Largest Stock

to select from in Huntingdon, so you can get just what you want at this remarkably low offer. Produce taken in exchange for merchandise.

Please Give Us a Call.

S. B. MYERS,

Huntingdon, - - - Pa.

D. S. DRAKE,
—DEALER IN—
Telephones, Telegraph Outfits, Burglar Alarms, Electric Door Bells, Speaking Tubes, Medical Batteries and all other Electrical Appliances, Typewriters, Mimeographs and Supplies, Camera outfits, Whitley Exercisers, Dumb-Bells and other Athletic Goods, Bicycles, Tricycles, Velocipedes and a full line of Sundries.
ELECTRICAL WORK AND REPAIRING A SPECIALTY.
HUNTINGDON - PENN'A.